

BRIAN SANDOVOL Governor ROBERT R BARENGO Chair, Nevada Tax Commission CHRISTOPHER G, NIELSEN Interim Executive Director

### STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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In thể Matter of:
Approval of the 2012-2013
Rural Building Manual

#### **NOTICE OF DECISION**

#### **Appearances**

Terry Rubald, Chief, Division of Assessment Standards, and Bruce Bartolowits, Supervisor, Locally Assessed Property Section, appeared on behalf of the Department of Taxation.

#### Summary

The matter of the approval of the 2012-2013 Rural Building Costs Manual came before the Nevada Tax Commission (Commission) for hearing in Carson City, Nevada, on March 7, 2011 after due notice to each Assessor. The Commission reviewed the Rural Building Costs Manual and the report of the Department.

#### DECISION

The Commission, having considered all evidence and testimony pertaining to the matter, hereby adopts the 2012-2013 Rural Building Costs Manual as reported by the Department for use by county assessors pursuant to NAC 361.128(2).

BY THE NEVADA TAX COMMISSION THIS 21 ST DAY OF March, 2011.

Christopher G. Nielsen, Interim, Executive Director

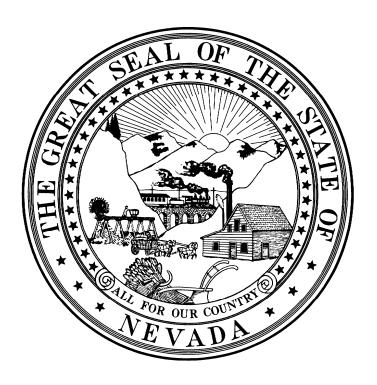
cc: County Assessors

Gina Session, Chief Deputy Attorney General

# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

2012-2013

### ASSESSOR'S HANDBOOK OF RURAL BUILDING COSTS



DATE OF VALUATION JANUARY 1, 2011

PREPARED BY THE

DIVISION OF ASSESSMENT STANDARDS

February 2011

### Rural Building Cost Manual Instructions for Use

The use of the Rural Building Manual is limited. In general, most of the sections in the Manual report costs lower than the Marshall and Swift Cost Manual, in order to reflect the use of unskilled farm labor in the building of the structure. If the structure was built using a professional contractor, either the Marshall Swift cost manual may be used or the costs in the Rural Building Manual may be used if they are adjusted upward by 33 percent. Section 6 of the Rural Building Manual provides costs for miscellaneous items, most of which are generally professionally installed and are rarely adjusted downward.

NAC 361.128 has been amended to clarify when the Rural Building Manual should be used. The amended NAC reads as follows:

- 361.128 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the cost of replacement of a farm building, a shed or another rustic structure must be calculated using the manual of rural building costs adopted by the Commission if the farm building, shed or other rustic structure:
- (a) Does not conform to any applicable building code adopted by a local governmental entity; or
- (b) Is constructed by a person who does not regularly perform construction work and does not earn a substantial portion of his or her income as a licensed contractor, unless the person acts only as a general contractor and the actual work is performed by a person who regularly performs construction work and earns a substantial portion of his or her income as a licensed contractor.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the cost of replacement of a farm building, a shed or another rustic structure constructed by a person who regularly performs construction work and earns a substantial portion of his or her income as a licensed contractor must be calculated using:
- (a) The standards and modifiers of local costs published in the version of the Residential Cost Handbook, Marshall Valuation Service, Residential Estimator software or Commercial Estimator software, as appropriate, adopted by reference pursuant to section 28 of this regulation as of January 1 of the year immediately preceding the lien date for the current year; or
- (b) The manual of rural building costs adopted by the Commission, except that the costs therein must be adjusted upward by 33 percent.

If the Rural Building Manual or the Marshall Swift Cost Manual does not contain the costs of a particular kind of structure, the county assessor may apply to the Executive Director for permission to use alternative recognized cost manuals, cost determinations or subscription services.

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# SECTION 1 BASIC FARM BUILDINGS

#### **METAL BARNS**



LOW QUALITY



AVERAGE QUALITY

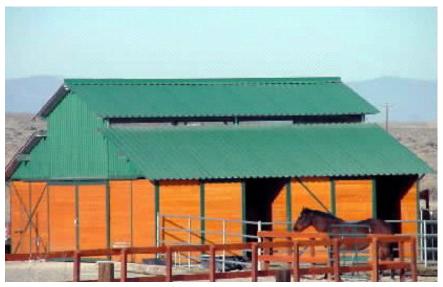


PHOTOS COURTESY OF CHURCHILL COUNTY ASSESSOR

### BASIC FARM BUILDINGS WOOD BARNS



LOW QUALITY

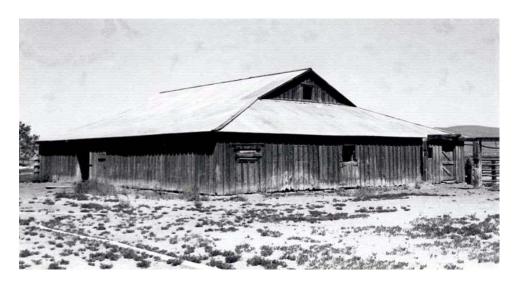


AVERAGE QUALITY

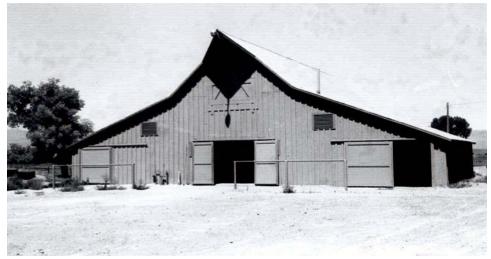


PHOTOS COURTESY OF CHURCHILL COUNTY ASSESSOR

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS GENERAL PURPOSE BARNS



LOW QUALITY



**AVERAGE QUALITY** 



#### **GENERAL PURPOSE BARNS**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Perimeter concrete and column	Perimeter concrete and column	Perimeter concrete and column
	footings	footings	footings
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	Dirt
Wall Structure	Light wood boxed frame or wood posts and beams, 10' eave height	Average 2"x 4", 24" on center, 10' eave height	Concrete block or good 2"x 4", 16" on center or 2"x 6", 24" on center, 10' eave height
Exterior Wall Cover	Light wood siding board and batten or light aluminum siding	Average wood or aluminum siding	Good wood siding painted or standard gauge corrugated iron or aluminum siding
Roof Construction	Medium pitch, 2"x 4" rafters 24" to 36" on center, composition decking	Medium pitch, wood joists, wood or composition decking	Medium pitch, wood joists, wood or composition decking
Roof Cover	Composition shingle, asphalt roll paper or light wood shingles	Good wood shingles, light aluminum or corrugated iron	Standard gauge aluminum or corrugated iron or good wood shingles
Electrical	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class
Plumbing	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class

Includes normal stalls commensurate with quality class.

#### SQUARE FOOT COSTS

CLASS	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000	10,000	11,000
1	\$ 14.32	11.96	10.99	10.50	10.21	10.01	9.86	9.59	9.42	9.23	9.00
2	20.69	17.13	15.57	14.83	14.38	14.11	13.89	13.50	13.19	12.86	12.57
3	25.88	22.94	21.39	20.56	20.14	19.81	19.61	19.21	18.89	18.55	18.30

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

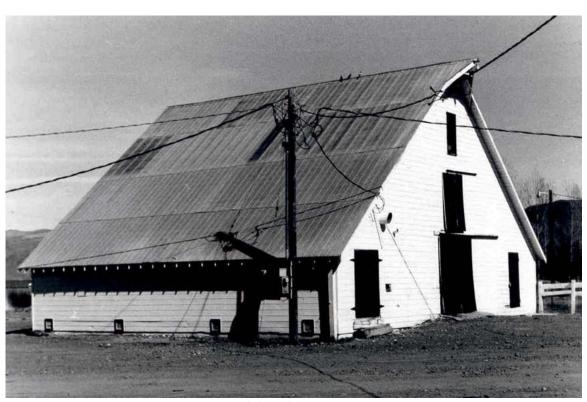
Lofts per square foot of floor area Low Quality: \$ 2.99

Average Quality: 3.92 Good Quality: 5.14

#### **HAY STORAGE BARNS**



AVERAGE QUALITY



GOOD QUALITY

#### **HAY STORAGE BARNS**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3	
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY	
Foundation	Redwood or cedar mudsills	Concrete or masonry piers	Continuous concrete	
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	Dirt	
Wall Structure	Light wood boxed frame or wood posts and beams, 10' eave height	Average 2"x 4", 24" on center, 10' eave height	Good 2"x 4", 16" on center or 2"x 6", 24" on center, 10' eave height	
Exterior Wall Cover	Light wood siding, board and batten or light aluminum siding	Average wood or aluminum siding	Good wood siding painted, standard gauge corrugated iron or aluminum siding	
Roof Construction	Medium to high pitch 2"x 4" rafters 24" to 36" on center, or light wood trusses	Medium to high pitch, average wood trusses	Medium to high pitch, good wood trusses	
Roof Cover	Composition shingle, asphalt roll paper or light wood shingles	Good wood shingles, light aluminum or corrugated iron	Standard gauge aluminum, corrugated iron or good wood shingles	
Electrical	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	
Plumbing	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

CLASS	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000	10,000	11,000
1	\$ 13.29	10.91	9.95	9.45	9.21	8.95	8.84	8.55	8.38	8.19	8.06
2	18.75	15.01	13.29	12.57	12.08	11.50	11.36	10.89	10.51	10.10	9.89
3	25.67	20.74	18.67	17.42	16.96	16.39	16.07	15.47	15.04	14.46	14.10

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

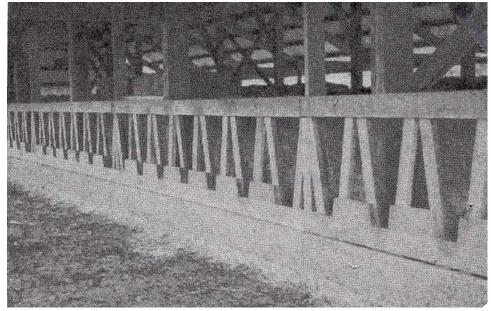
Lofts per square foot of floor area Low Quality: \$ 2.99

Average Quality: 3.92 Good Quality: 5.14

### BASIC FARM BUILDINGS FEED BARNS



**AVERAGE QUALITY** 



**INTERIOR DETAIL** 



#### **FEED BARNS**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Redwood or cedar mudsills	Concrete or masonry piers	Continuous concrete
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	Dirt
Wall Structure	Light wood frame, 10' eave height	Average wood frame, 10' eave height	Good wood frame, 10' eave height
Exterior Wall Cover	Closed sides and open ends	Partially open sides, standard corrugated iron or average wood siding on ends	Partially open sides, good quality siding
Roof Construction	Medium to low pitch 2"x 4" rafters 24" to 36" on center, or light wood trusses	Medium to low pitch, average wood trusses	Medium to low pitch, good wood trusses
Roof Cover	Light metal or composition shingle	Standard gauge corrugated metal	Wood shingles
Electrical	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class
Plumbing	Minimal per class	Minimal per class	Minimal per class

Includes normal feed stalls commensurate with quality class.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

CLASS	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000	10,000	11,000
1	\$ 8.97	8.32	7.96	7.73	7.63	7.58	7.53	7.49	7.45	7.40	7.39
2	10.96	10.34	9.92	9.59	9.39	9.30	9.23	9.17	9.12	9.07	9.06
3	14.58	14.00	13.51	13.13	12.79	12.59	12.48	12.42	12.38	12.26	12.20

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

Lofts per square foot of floor area Low Quality: \$ 2.99

Average Quality: 3.92
Good Quality: 5.14

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS POLE BARNS



AVERAGE QUALITY – ALL SIDES OPEN WOODEN POLES – WOOD FRAME



GOOD QUALITY – ALL SIDES OPEN STEEL POLES, STEEL TRUSS & STEEL FRAME

#### POLE BARNS - AVERAGE QUALITY

Structure	Poles 15' to 20' on center
Floor	Dirt - use square foot additive for concrete
Roof	Average wood trusses or average steel trusses, low pitch, corrugated iron or aluminum cover, gable end enclosed, 2' overhang on 2 sides
Walls	18' wall height, average wood frame or average prefabricated steel frame with corrugated iron covering where called for

All costs listed are based on average quality materials. Use multiplier for good quality materials--heavy steel frame and trusses, wide span, heavy gauge roof cover. Use multiplier for low quality materials--light wood poles and frame with light wood or steel trusses and light gauge roof cover.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

#### TYPE "A" (ALL SIDES OPEN)

END					SIDE L	ENGTH				
WIDTH	34'	51'	68'	85'	102'	119'	136'	153'	170'	187'
20'	\$ 7.44	7.21	6.99	6.79	6.79	6.54	6.54	6.54	6.54	6.54
25'	6.99	6.79	6.54	6.36	6.14	6.14	6.14	6.14	6.14	6.14
30'	6.66	6.52	6.36	6.11	5.92	5.92	5.92	5.92	5.92	5.92
35'	6.54	6.33	6.12	5.91	5.69	5.69	5.69	5.69	5.69	5.69
40'	6.50	6.32	6.08	5.89	5.68	5.68	5.68	5.68	5.68	5.68
45'	6.47	6.24	6.03	5.41	5.39	5.39	5.39	5.39	5.39	5.39
50'	6.45	6.22	5.97	5.35	5.28	4.51	4.51	4.51	4.51	4.51
60'	6.44	6.20	5.87	5.13	5.11	4.43	4.43	4.43	4.43	4.43
70'	6.32	6.11	5.64	4.95	4.84	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33
80'	6.32	6.11	5.41	4.84	4.66	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot : \$ 2.64

QUALITY MULTIPLIERS Good Quality: 1.31 Low Quality: 0.69

#### POLE BARNS - AVERAGE QUALITY

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

#### TYPE "B" (ENDS AND ONE SIDE CLOSED - ONE SIDE OPEN)

**END** 

#### SIDE LENGTH

WIDTH	34'	51'	68'	85'	102'	119'	136'	153'	170'	187'
20'	\$ 10.78	9.83	9.34	9.09	8.88	8.70	8.60	8.59	8.57	8.45
25'	9.96	9.09	8.57	8.29	8.15	7.83	7.77	7.65	7.59	7.55
30'	9.50	8.59	8.15	7.80	7.67	7.52	7.42	7.28	7.24	7.21
35'	9.18	8.20	7.77	7.44	7.28	7.22	7.02	7.00	6.99	6.95
40'	8.97	7.97	7.53	7.24	7.19	6.99	6.79	6.77	6.74	6.69
45'	8.85	7.79	7.30	7.00	6.82	6.69	6.54	6.52	6.50	6.47
50'	8.75	7.59	7.27	6.75	6.69	6.52	6.39	6.36	6.29	6.26
60'	8.55	7.53	6.95	6.56	6.50	6.36	6.24	6.17	6.09	6.06
70'	8.43	7.37	6.75	6.52	6.39	6.26	6.09	6.06	6.01	5.99
80'	8.20	7.25	6.52	6.42	6.26	6.06	5.97	5.95	5.92	5.87

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

**QUALITY MULTIPLIERS** 

Good Quality: 1.31 Low Quality: 0.69

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

#### TYPE "C" (ALL SIDES CLOSED)

**END** 

CIDE	LENGTH	
SILIH	LHNC-IH	

WIDTH	34'	51'	68'	85'	102'	119'	136'	153'	170'	187'
20'	\$ 12.23	11.36	10.88	10.60	10.50	10.33	10.25	10.22	10.20	10.12
25'	11.00	10.20	9.71	9.45	9.28	9.15	9.10	8.95	8.72	8.60
30'	10.33	9.23	8.82	8.49	8.37	8.17	8.08	8.02	8.00	7.95
35'	9.75	8.74	8.49	8.12	8.05	7.82	7.75	7.74	7.60	7.59
40'	9.45	8.54	8.10	7.83	7.77	7.57	7.52	7.37	7.30	7.27
45'	9.15	8.20	7.77	7.57	7.30	7.22	7.12	7.04	7.02	7.00
50'	8.88	8.00	7.46	7.37	7.28	7.02	7.00	6.99	6.91	6.86
60'	8.57	7.74	7.21	6.87	6.80	6.59	6.54	6.45	6.41	6.36
70'	8.37	8.08	7.04	6.77	6.57	6.44	6.32	6.31	6.24	6.22
80'	8.07	7.24	6.77	6.50	6.32	6.14	6.11	6.04	5.99	5.90

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

**QUALITY MULTIPLIERS** 

Good Quality: 1.31

Low Quality: 0.69

#### SIDE SHEDS - AVERAGE QUALITY

Structure	1 row of poles 15' to 20' on center, 1 side ties into adjoining building
Floor	Dirt - Use square foot additive for concrete
Roof	Light wood trusses, low pitch, corrugated iron or aluminum cover, ends enclosed, 2' overhang on 1 side
Walls	14' to 16' wall height, light wood frame with corrugated iron covering

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

WITH OPEN SIDES: \$ 3.99 TO \$ 5.25 WITH ENCLOSED SIDES: 6.11 TO 8.05

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS SHOPS



AVERAGE QUALITY



GOOD QUALITY



GOOD QUALITY – CLASS S

#### **SHOPS**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Light concrete	Standard concrete	Standard concrete
Floor	Concrete	Concrete	Concrete
Wall Structure	Light wood frame, 15' eave height	Average wood frame, 15' eave height	Good wood frame 15' eave height
Exterior Wall Cover	Light metal or low cost boards	Standard gauge corrugated metal or average wood siding	Good wood siding painted or C-block
Roof Construction	Low to medium pitch, 2"x 4" rafters 24" to 36" on center or light wood trusses	Low to medium pitch, average wood trusses	Low to medium pitch, good wood trusses
Roof Cover	Light metal	Standard gauge metal	Wood shingles
Electrical	2 outlets per 1,000 square foot	4 outlets per 1,000 square foot	4 outlets per 1,000 square foot
Plumbing	1 cold water outlet	2 cold water outlets	1 rough fixture plus 2 cold water outlets
Doors	1 light sliding or swinging door per 2,000 square foot	1 average sliding or swinging door per 2,000 square foot	1 drive through door per 1,000 square foot plus 1 walk-through door
Windows	None	None or few low cost	5 percent of wall area
Shape	Square or rectangular length between 1 and 2 times width	Square or rectangular length between 1 or 2 times width	Square or rectangular length between 1 and 2 times width

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

CLASS	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	8,000
1	\$ 15.39	14.39	13.47	12.92	12.48	12.17	11.71	11.34	11.12	10.84
2	22.48	19.90	17.49	16.97	15.93	15.42	14.76	14.32	13.88	13.47
3	28.65	23.56	23.19	21.82	20.88	20.09	19.05	18.54	17.89	17.28

ADD For interior finish - Class 1: \$ 1.05 per square foot of floor area Class 2: 1.29 per square foot of floor area

Class 3: 1.60 per square foot of floor area

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT SHEDS



**AVERAGE QUALITY** 



AVERAGE QUALITY – 1 SIDE OPEN



GOOD QUALITY

GOOD QUALITY – 1 SIDE OPEN

#### MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT SHEDS

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Light perimeter concrete	Concrete perimeter	Concrete perimeter
Floor	Dirt	Dirt or concrete*	Dirt or concrete*
Wall Structure	Light wood boxed frame or post and beam, 10' eave height	Post and beam construction, 10' eave height	Average 2"x 4", 24" on center, 10' eave height
Exterior Wall Cover	Light wood or metal siding on a wood frame	Average wood or metal siding on wood frame	Good wood or metal siding on wood frame
Roof Construction	Shed type, or low pitch open wood system for metals	Low pitch, open wood system for metals or wood shingles	Medium pitch, open wood system for metals or wood shingles
Roof Cover	Corrugated metal	Corrugated metal or wood shingle	Standard gauge metal or good wood shingles
Electrical	None	2 outlets per 1,000 square foot	4 outlets per 1,000 square feet
Plumbing	None	None	None
Shape	Usually elongated, width between 15 and 30 feet, any length	Usually elongated, width between 15 and 30 feet, any length	Usually elongated, width between 15 and 30 feet, any length

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

#### TYPE I (ALL SIDES CLOSED)

CLASS	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,500	4,000	4,500	5,000	6,000
1	\$ 10.63	8.56	7.88	7.54	7.39	6.85	6.83	6.66	6.60	6.54	6.47
2	14.83	12.17	11.38	10.95	10.72	10.02	9.95	9.79	9.69	9.65	9.55
3	19.43	16.42	15.51	15.03	14.81	13.97	13.83	13.71	13.59	13.54	13.37

#### TYPE II (ONE SIDE OPEN)

CLASS	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,500	4,000	4,500	5,000	6,000
1	\$ 8.70	6.96	6.39	6.07	5.88	5.54	5.49	5.37	5.29	5.27	5.20
2	12.26	10.15	9.36	8.96	8.74	8.37	8.23	8.13	7.99	7.97	7.86
3	16.80	14.01	13.09	12.95	12.68	12.20	12.04	11.92	11.71	11.65	11.53

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot:

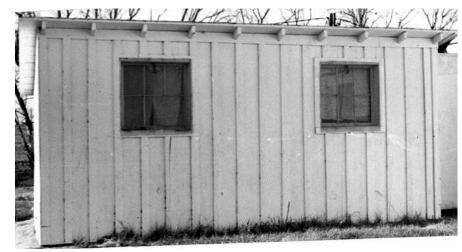
\$ 2.64

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS SMALL SHEDS AND PUMP HOUSES



LOW QUALITY





AVERAGE QUALITY





**GOOD QUALITY** 

#### SMALL SHEDS AND PUMP HOUSES

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Redwood or cedar mudsills	Concrete or masonry piers	Continuous concrete
Floor	Dirt	Dirt*	Dirt*
Wall Structure	Light wood boxed frame or wood posts and beams 8' eave height	Average 2"x 4" on center, 8' eave height	Good 2"x 6", 24" on center, or 2"x 4", 16" on center, 8' eave height
Exterior Wall Cover	Light wood siding, board and batten or light aluminum siding	Average wood or aluminum siding	Good wood siding painted, standard gauge corrugated or aluminum siding
Roof Construction	Low to medium pitch, shed type, light wood framing	Low to medium pitch, gable or shed type, average wood framing	Low to medium pitch, gable or shed type, good wood framing
Roof Cover	Composition shingle asphalt roll paper, light wood shingles or sod	Good shingles light aluminum corrugated iron	Standard gauge, aluminum corrugated iron or good wood shakes
Electrical	None	Minimal	Minimal
Plumbing	None	None	None

**NOTE:** Type II with 2 sides open, reduce cost by an additional 12 percent.

Type II with 3 sides open, reduce cost by an additional 25 percent.

Type II with 4 sides open, reduce cost by an additional 30 percent.

The costs given above reflect the use of unskilled farm labor. For professional labor supervised by a contractor or job foreman, costs should be increased up to 25 percent based on the quality level of the finished product.

#### SQUARE FOOT COSTS

#### TYPE I (ALL SIDES CLOSED)

CLASS	30	50	60	80	100	120	150	200	250	300	400	500
1	\$ 14.80	12.31	11.95	10.72	9.99	9.53	9.03	8.24	7.92	7.59	7.11	6.82
2	17.92	15.98	14.95	13.70	12.94	12.46	11.92	11.15	10.79	10.44	9.95	9.67
3	28.60	23.31	22.46	20.37	18.41	17.43	16.39	15.16	14.07	13.36	12.36	11.73

#### TYPE II (ONE SIDE OPEN)

CLASS	30	50	60	80	100	120	150	200	250	300	400	500
1	\$ 12.32	10.04	9.29	8.69	8.32	7.88	7.39	7.06	6.82	6.53	6.23	5.96
2	16.16	13.82	13.31	11.76	10.79	9.92	9.58	9.03	8.90	8.21	7.79	7.40
3	22.08	19.90	18.27	16.25	15.01	13.91	13.48	12.83	12.20	11.55	11.03	10.55

**ADD** Concrete or wood floors, or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

Fiberglass Roll or Batt Insulation: 0.48

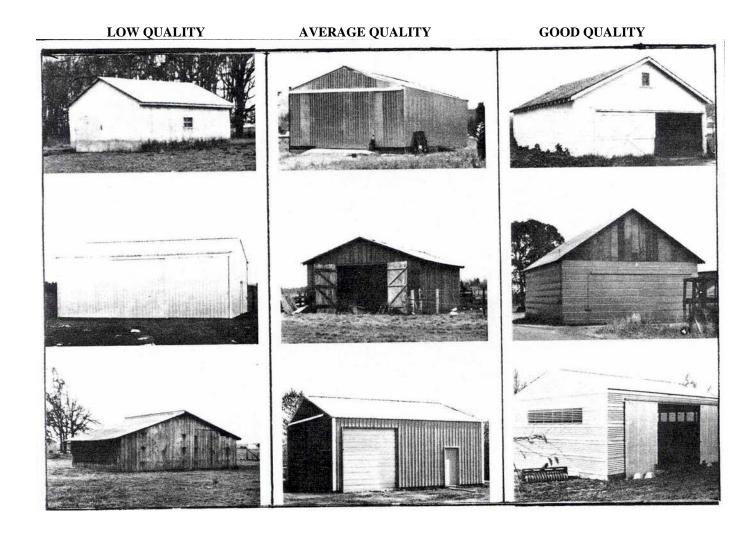
Gypsum Board Interior: 1.04

#### GENERAL PURPOSE BUILDINGS

General purpose buildings adapt easily to many different uses, especially as garages, machine repair shops, or storage areas. General purpose buildings may also function as feed storage sheds or livestock shelters.

General purpose buildings typically employ simple designs that emphasize maximum utility at minimum cost.

#### **CLASS ILLUSTRATIONS**



#### GENERAL PURPOSE BUILDINGS

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Wood girder on masonry piers;	Holes and backfill for pole	Continuous concrete poured
	or holes and backfill for pole	frame; or light perimeter	with floor
	frame	foundation	
Floor	Dirt	Concrete	Concrete
Frame and Exterior Walls	Eave height 8'. Pole or box frame with metal exterior or low grade sidings	Eave height 8'. Pole or box frame with metal exterior or average grade sidings	Eave height 8'. Conventional wood stud frame with good wood or metal sidings
Interior Walls	Normally unfinished see options	Normally unfinished see options	Normally unfinished see options
Roof Structure	Low pitch wood system for metal or low cost composition roof	Low to medium pitch wood system for average cost metal or composition roof	Medium pitch wood system with composition or wood sheathing
Roof Cover	Aluminum or steel corrugated or crimped, low quality	Aluminum or steel corrugated or crimped, average quality	Composition shingle, good quality or average quality metal or wood shingles
Electrical	None	Minimal	Minimal
Plumbing	None	None	None

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

CLASS	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,000	3,500	4,000	4,500
1	\$ 8.54	7.30	6.97	6.59	6.44	6.20	6.04	5.96	5.90
2	12.25	10.78	10.35	9.87	9.70	9.41	9.21	9.12	9.02
3	16.12	14.30	13.79	13.61	13.01	12.65	12.40	12.28	12.21

**ADD** For interior finish - Class 1: \$ 1.03 per square foot of floor area

Class 2: 1.13 per square foot of floor area Class 3: 1.24 per square foot of floor area

#### **Height adjustment:**

Add 2 percent for each foot of average story height over 8' base height. Subtract 2 percent for each foot of average story height under 8' base height.

#### **ROOT CELLARS**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Cedar or redwood mudsills or rubble	Concrete or masonry footings	Continuous concrete
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	Concrete
Wall Structure	Post and beams with wood siding	Post and beams with wood siding	Concrete block or poured concrete
Roof Construction	Flat or low to medium pitch gable, poles or light wood	Flat or low to medium pitch gable, lodge pole or heavier wood	Flat reinforced poured concrete
Roof Cover	Sod	Sod, or if above ground corrugated metal with inside insulation	Sod, or if above ground corrugated metal with inside insulation
Electrical	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal
Plumbing	None	None	None

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

CLASS	100	200	300	400	500	600	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
1	\$ 11.97	10.89	10.37	10.11	9.92	9.78	9.65	9.52	9.41	9.38
2	16.77	14.66	14.04	13.51	13.23	13.13	12.53	12.20	12.01	11.85
3	41.02	33.43	28.72	26.14	24.67	23.93	21.23	19.59	18.47	17.69

**NOTE:** Above costs include sod roof covering.

**ADD** For corrugated metals, light composition or wood shingles;

Class 1: \$ 1.95 per square foot of floor area Class 2: 2.33 per square foot of floor area Class 3: 2.79 per square foot of floor area

### COLD STORAGE WALK-IN BOXES SQUARE FOOT COSTS

TYPE	50'	100'	150'	200'	300'	400'	500'
COOL BOX	12,437	17,710	21,792	24,144	31,066	35,933	40,259
FREEZE BOX	14,189	19,932	24,334	31,012	37,934	42,800	47,126

Wall deduction per linear foot of wall: \$ 76

**NOTE:** Above costs represent prefabricated metal clad units, including refrigeration equipment. Deduct 10 percent for wood exterior and interior. Add 6 percent for each foot of height over 7.5 foot base height. Where building walls form exterior wall of box, use above wall deduction. For homemade boxes using farm labor for construction, deduct 30 percent.

#### POTATO STORAGE

#### TYPE I

Costs represent low quality construction, partly below grade, performed by unskilled farm labor with minimal quality materials. Designed for relatively short storage periods. Commonly called "potato cellars."

COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY
Foundation	None
Floor	Dirt
Frame	Wood post and beams
Walls	Minimal walls and supports used in this type of potato storage usually earthen side walls
Roof Frame	Open wood system for the use of corrugated metals, or, wood rafters, joists, and sheathing
Roof Cover	Corrugated metals or composition, roll type
<b>Interior Components</b>	None
Insulation	Minimal, usually vapor barrier, wire netting with straw on nailing strips or equivalent
Electrical	Minimal, service entrance and two light fixtures

### LOW QUALITY SQUARE FOOT COSTS

4	1,000	5,000	7,000	10,000	15,000	20,000
\$	8.29	8.03	7.62	7.34	6.77	6.23

#### POTATO STORAGE WAREHOUSE

#### TYPE II

**QUONSET BUILDING**: low quality prefabricated galvanized steel building with doors in end walls only, erected on concrete footings without floors, lights or plumbing. TYPE II buildings may have other uses.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

#### **WIDTH** LENGTH 30' 40' 60' **70'** 30' 11.55 36' 11.02 48' 10.27 9.41 60' 9.74 8.85 8.43 72' 9.33 8.46 8.10 7.77 84' 8.99 8.18 7.74 7.52

**Concrete** (or concrete flatwork)

Add per square foot of concreted area:

			WII	JТН	
LENG	TH	30'	40'	60'	70'
9	6'	8.66	7.91	7.52	7.24
10	<b>)8</b> '	8.41	7.68	7.27	7.04
12	20'	8.18	7.49	7.07	6.82
16	50'	7.66	6.96	6.57	6.35
20	00'	-	6.57	6.21	6.04
24	10'	-	6.26	5.96	5.82

#### **OPTIONS:**

**Electrical** 

Minimal Service, add per square foot of floor area:	\$	0.13
Plumbing  Minimal Service, add per square foot of floor area:	•	0.09
Insulation  If 2" thick foamglass is sprayed on walls and ceiling (or equivalent), add per square foot of insulated area:		2.80
Interior Construction  If potato storage area has bins and interior partitions, add per square foot of floor area:		1.03

**NOTE:** The costs given above reflect the use of unskilled farm labor. For professional labor supervised by a contractor or job foreman, costs should be increased up to 25 percent based on the quality level of the finished product.

2.64

#### POTATO STORAGE WAREHOUSE

#### **TYPE III**

Costs represent construction at grade level using average or good quality materials with proper supervision and skilled labor. Base wall height ordinarily equals 14 feet. Most common building size equals 50 feet by 100 feet (5,000 square feet). The maximum potato storage period depends on the magnitude of temperature and humidity control equipment; however, costs do not include environmental control. Refer to Page 24 for additional environmental control costs. TYPE III buildings may have other uses.

COMPONENT	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY	
Foundation	Continuous concrete	Continuous concrete	
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	
Frame	Heavy timber post and beam. Basic height 14 feet.	Steel frame. Basic height 14 feet.	
Exterior Wall	Wood siding painted, 1 or 2 large end doors, one walk-in door.	Aluminum or steel, corrugated metal cover, unpainted. 2 large end doors. 1 or	
Interior Construction	See options	2 walk-in doors. See options	
Ceiling	Open	Open	
Plumbing	Entry service, 2 hose bibs	Entry service, 2 hose bibs	
Electrical	Entry service, 3 outlets	Entry service, 3 outlets	
Insulation	2 inch thick cellulose sprayed walls and ceiling or equivalent	2 inch thick cellulose sprayed walls and ceiling or equivalent	
Roof Frame	Wood rafters, joists, sheathing	Open steel and frame for corrugated metals	
Roof Cover	Asphalt or wood shingle	Galvanized metal	

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

	5,000	7,000	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	40,000
AVG	\$ 19.59	18.67	17.75	16.36	15.24	14.71	14.18	13.52
GOOD	26.00	24.60	22.81	20.60	19.03	18.05	17.32	16.54

#### **OPTIONS:**

#### **Interior Construction**

If potato storage area has bins and interior partitions,

add for average quality per square foot: \$ 3.74 add for good quality per square foot: 7.29

**Exterior Construction** 

Painted metal exterior walls, add per square foot: \$ 0.57 Concrete or concrete flatwork per square foot: 2.64

**NOTE:** Above costs for potato storage warehouse assume <u>skilled labor and include contractor fees</u>. For construction performed by ranch or farm labor without contractor supervision, deduct 15 percent to 30 percent depending on the quality of the finished building. See the following page for other additional features.

#### POTATO STORAGE WAREHOUSE OPTIONS

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONTROL

Air humidity control only, including fan room, louver system, humidifiers, perforated air pipe, and control panel.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

5,000	7,000	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	40,000
\$ 2.90	2.81	2.69	2.58	2.48	2.41	2.37	2.28

#### **AIR CONDITIONING**

Includes complete refrigeration unit and controls in addition to the air and humidity system listed above.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

5,000	7,000	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	40,000
\$ 6.27	6.07	5.82	5.57	5.37	5.22	5.12	4.92

# BASIC FARM BUILDINGS STEEL BUILDINGS – FARM & RANCH



METAL HORSE BARN



METAL SHOP – SLANT WALL



**QUONSET BUILDING** 

#### **QUONSET BUILDINGS**

Costs per square foot of floor area represent <u>Average Quality</u> prefabricated galvanized steel buildings with doors in end walls only and minimum additional features, erected on concrete footings without floors, lights, or heat. Adjust low quality buildings down 30 percent and good quality buildings up 25 percent based on the quality of the finished building and extra additives. Base height equals 20 feet at the center of the arch. Add or deduct 5 percent for each foot of deviation from base.

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

	WIDTH			
LENGTH	30'	40'	60'	70'
30'	16.50	-	-	-
36'	15.75	-	-	-
48'	14.67	13.44	-	-
60'	13.92	12.65	12.05	-
72'	13.32	12.09	11.57	11.10
84'	12.85	11.69	11.06	10.74

	WIDTH				
LENGTH	30'	40'	60'	70'	
96'	12.37	11.29	10.74	10.34	
108'	12.01	10.98	10.38	10.06	
120'	11.69	10.70	10.10	9.74	
160'	10.94	9.94	9.39	9.07	
200'	-	9.39	8.87	8.63	
240'	-	8.95	8.51	8.31	

#### PRE-ENGINEERED STEEL BUILDINGS

Costs per square foot of floor area represent <u>Average Quality</u> prefabricated galvanized steel buildings, with minimum doors, windows, and additional features erected on concrete footings without floors, lights, or heat. Multipliers appear below for other types of skin coverings. Adjust low quality buildings down 25 percent and good quality buildings upwards 25 percent based on the quality of the finished building and extra additives.

#### **AVERAGE QUALITY**

	EAVE	LENGTH TO WIDTH RATIO					
WIDTH	HEIGHT	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
20'	10'	\$ 14.14	13.38	12.87	12.18	11.69	11.35
30'	12'	12.13	11.58	11.29	10.67	10.34	10.10
40'	14'	12.32	11.54	11.05	10.36	9.88	9.54
50'	14'	10.92	10.51	10.23	9.85	9.59	9.39
60'	14'	9.95	9.63	9.41	9.13	8.93	8.84
80'	16'	10.18	9.82	9.58	9.25	8.92	8.77
100'	16'	9.95	9.54	9.25	8.87	8.63	8.41
140'	16'	8.84	8.57	8.34	8.09	7.88	7.75
160'	18'	8.75	8.49	8.31	8.04	7.87	7.73
200'	18'	8.22	8.01	7.87	7.67	7.52	7.42

See following pages for additional features.

### PRE-ENGINEERED STEEL BUILDINGS

#### **ADDITIONAL FEATURES**

**HEIGHT:** add or deduct 2 percent for each foot of deviation from base.

**ALUMINUM:** multiply base costs by 1.05.

**ENAMELED STEEL:** multiply base costs by 1.05.

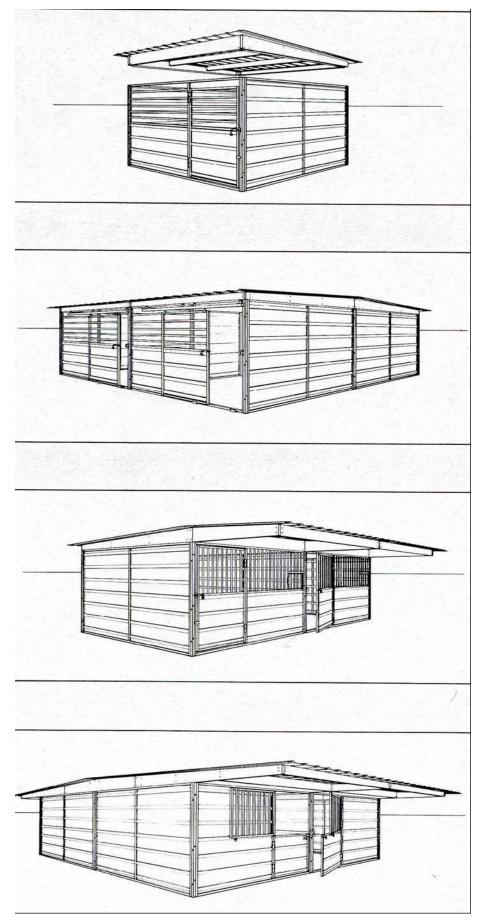
**SLANT WALL BUILDINGS**: deduct 5 percent to 15 percent.

Costs based on square foot of floor area, unless otherwise noted.

COSTS PER SQUARE FOOT	LOW	AVG	GOOD
FLOOR:		·	
Asphalt:	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.65	\$ 2.10
Concrete:	2.17	2.64	3.21
LIGHTING:	0.15	0.43	0.84
INSULATION: (per square foot of insulated wall area) Wall:	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.61
Roof:	0.58	0.90	1.35
	-	-	-
PLUMBING:	0.13	0.38	0.77

Add or subtract 3 percent for each foot of deviation from 10' base height.

#### PREFABRICATED METAL HORSE STABLES



AVERAGE QUALITY
SINGLE STALL

AVERAGE QUALITY

QUADRUPLE STALL

AVERAGE QUALITY

DOUBLE STALL

WITH PATIO ROOF
OR OVERHANG

AVERAGE QUALITY

QUADRUPLE STALL

WITH PATIO ROOF
OR OVERHANG

#### PREFABRICATED METAL HORSE STABLES

COMPONENT	CLASS 1 LOW QUALITY	CLASS 2 AVERAGE QUALITY	CLASS 3 GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Light perimeter concrete foundation	Average perimeter concrete foundation	Good perimeter concrete foundation
Floor	Dirt	Dirt	Dirt
Wall Structure	Prefabricated light metal frame	Prefabricated average weight metal frame	Prefabricated heavy duty metal frame
Exterior Wall Cover	Metal cover light weight	Metal cover average weight	Metal cover heavy duty
Roof Construction	Light open steel system for metal	Average open steel system for metal	Heavy duty open steel system for metal
Roof Cover	Low pitch light metal cover	Low pitch average metal cover	Low pitch heavy duty metal cover

#### **SQUARE FOOT COSTS**

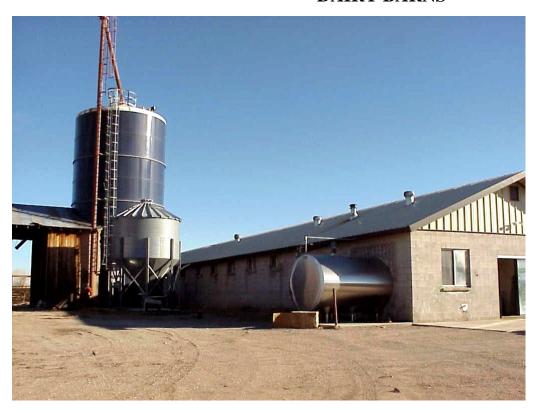
CLASS	ONE STABLE 144 SF	TWO STABLES 288 SF	FOUR STABLES 576 SF
1	\$ 11.50	\$ 10.55	\$ 9.66
2	15.31	14.08	12.94
3	20.41	18.81	17.35

**ADD** per square foot of patio roof or overhang:

LOW	AVG	GOOD	
\$ 2.68	\$ 3.77	\$ 5.29	

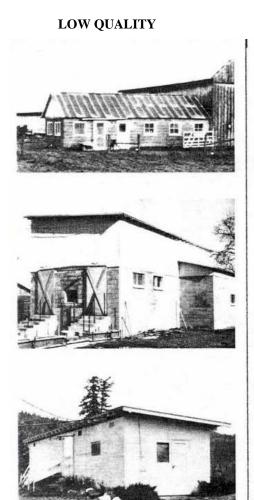
**ADD** Concrete or concrete flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64

# SECTION 2 DAIRY BARNS





PHOTOS COURTESY OF CHURCHILL COUNTY ASSESSOR







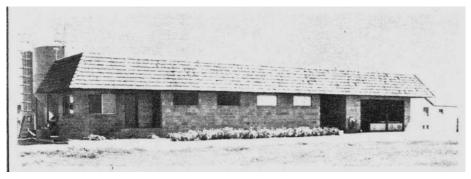
GOOD QUALITY





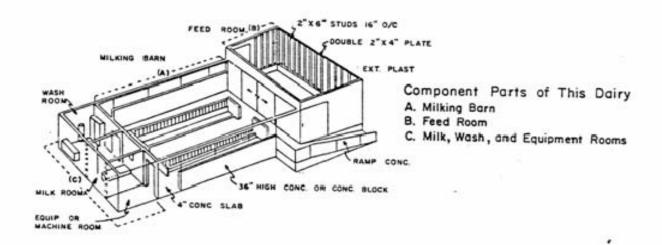


VERY GOOD QUALITY



#### DAIRY BARNS

## Stanchion Barn



## Typical Walk-Through

## Component Parts of This Dairy

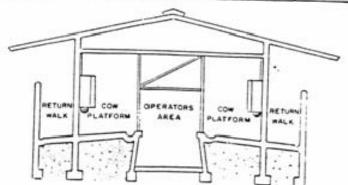
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A. Milking Barn B. Milk, Wash, and Equipment Rooms

## Barn ROOM 36" HIGH CONC. OR 6" CONC BLOCK 4" CONC. SLAB EQUIPMENT OR

## Cross Section Modern Herrington-Type Dairy Barn



Section 2

## **MILKING PARLORS**

SITE PREPARATION	Basically level terrain, no excavation, minimum fill.
FOUNDATION	Reinforced concrete for one story height. Foundation and footings formed and poured monolithically with floor slab.
FLOORS	Concrete well formed gutters, elevated slab.
CEILING	Open unfinished, paint only, bottom of roof.
INTERIOR	Type found in dairies and milking parlors, smooth plaster or epoxy paints. Minimum cow stanchions and stalls conforming to the quality of the building. No equipment nor machinery is included.
PLUMBING	Basic plumbing required for building, usual floor drains and hose bibs. Does not include milk piping, pumps or storage.
HEATING - COOLING	Minimum, space heaters and evaporative coolers.
ELECTRICAL LIGHTING	Basic electrical service required for dairies. Does not include machinery or equipment.
EXTERIOR WALLS	8" concrete block, bearing walls or reinforced concrete 36 inch high with 2" x 6" stud framing – 16" on center above.
ROOF STRUCTURE AND COVER	Wood joists, wood or composition deck. Asphalt shingles to 290 pounds.
COST RANGE RATING	Based on cost per square foot of floor area.

## **SQUARE FOOT COST**

#### QUALITY

LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
\$ 32.50	\$ 40.47	\$ 50.91	\$ 64.86

#### MILKING PARLORS

#### **ADDITIONAL FEATURES**

COST RANGE RATING Based on cost per square foot of floor area unless otherwise noted.\*

#### **QUALITY**

			C -	
FEATURE	LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
CEILING				
(Gypsum board - taped and painted):	\$ 1.34	1.48	1.64	1.82
INSULATION				
Walls:	\$ 0.42	0.51	0.62	0.75
Roof:	0.59	0.90	1.37	2.07

WALL ORNAMENTATION				
(*apply only to ornamented area):				
	LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
CERAMIC TILE				
(*cost based on square foot of area covered	l):			
	8.55	10.48	12.40	14.32
ROOF COVER				
(Wood shingle):	1.61	1.99	2.47	3.08
AUTOMATIC GATES				
(*based on cost per stall):	\$ 962	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,160
AUTOMATIC FEED EQUIPMENT			FOR AUC	GER ADD: \$ 518
(*based on cost per stall):	\$ 518	568	617	666

**FEED STORAGE BINS** (see pages 3 & 4, section 6)

#### MILK STORAGE, WASH, AND EQUIPMENT ROOMS

SITE PREPARATION	Basically level terrain, no excavation, minimum fill.
FOUNDATION	Reinforced concrete for one story height. Foundation and footings formed and poured monolithically with floor slab.
FLOORS	Concrete at grade level, may include some gutters and drains.
CEILING	Gypsum board, taped and painted.
INTERIOR	Type found in dairies and milking parlors, smooth plaster or epoxy paints. No equipment or machinery is included.
PLUMBING	Basic plumbing required for building, wash basins, water closet, lavatory. Does not include milk piping, pumps or storage.
HEATING - COOLING	Minimum, space heaters and evaporative coolers.
ELECTRICAL LIGHTING	Basic electrical lighting service required for building.
EXTERIOR WALLS	8" concrete block, bearing walls for good and very good quality, plywood, boards, or wood siding on wood frame, interior sheathing finished for low and average quality.
ROOF STRUCTURE AND COVER	Wood joists and sheathing, asphalt shingle cover.
COST RANGE RATING	Based on cost per square foot of floor area.

# SQUARE FOOT COSTS QUALITY

LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
\$ 16.61	\$ 22.96	\$ 39.75	\$ 52.36

#### MILKING STORAGE, WASH AND EQUIPMENT ROOMS

#### **ADDITIONAL FEATURES**

**COST RANGE RATING** Based on cost per square foot of floor area.

#### **QUALITY**

FEATURE	LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
INSULATION				
Walls:	0.42	0.51	0.62	0.75
Roof:	0.59	0.90	1.37	2.07
WALL ORNAMENTATION (*apply only to ornamented area):  CERAMIC TILE (*cost based on square foot of area covered	D:			
1	8.55	10.48	12.40	14.32
ROOF COVER				
(Wood shingle):	1.61	1.99	2.47	3.08



FEEDER FENCE w HEADLOCK

#### WASH PEN AND HOLDING AREA

FLOOR OR RAMP	Sloping concrete slab rough finish 6" thick.
WALLS	Concrete block 8" - height 5'.
FENCING	Welded iron pipe, post 10' on center set in concrete, pipe top rail with 3 cable strands, or, no pipe top rail with 5 cable strands, or, iron rods. Cable size 5/8" or 3/4".
GATES	Metal gates (2 usually) 12 linear feet each, 5 rail.
SPRINKLER	Hooded rainbird type or equivalent including piping and pump.
COST RANGE RATING	Based on cost per square foot of floor area.

#### **QUALITY**

LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
\$ 8.99	\$ 9.82	\$ 10.74	\$ 11.79

**ROOF COVERING:** Wood or pipe post and beam, steel trusses, light metal roof cover;

#### **QUALITY**

LOW	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD
\$ 4.35	\$ 5.58	\$ 7.17	\$ 9.20

#### METAL RAIL FENCE WELDED IRON RAILS

Iron pipe post 2-1/2" to 4" in diameter - 7' to 10' on center in concrete:

\$ 13.26 per linear foot.

**CABLE FENCE** 

Iron pipe post 2-1/2" to 4" in diameter - 7' to 10' on center in concrete -

iron pipe top rail;

3-Cable: \$ 10.66 per linear foot. 4-Cable: \$ 11.96 per linear foot.

**METAL GATES** 

54" to 64" high - welded iron rails or pipe with bracing:

14.82 per linear foot of gate width.

## DAIRY EQUIPMENT

## STAINLESS STEEL REFRIGERATED HOLDING TANKS

SIZE	TANK	COMPLETE
GALLONS	ONLY	SYSTEM
500	\$ 6,662	\$ 14,383
1,000	12,523	20,550
1,250	14,651	23,593
1,500	16,378	25,636
2,000	20,234	31,266
2,500	23,287	37,994
3,000	25,539	44,723
4,000	30,844	55,482
5,000	34,545	65,756

#### **VACUUM PUMP SYSTEMS**

8-20 STALLS WITH 3 PHASE ELECTRIC MOTORS PER COW STALL: \$ 361

#### REFRIGERATION COMPRESSORS

HORSE POWER	COST
3.0	\$ 4,103
4.0	6,008
5.0	7,912
7.5	9,816
10.0	11,721
15.0	13,625

## FEED FENCING W HEADLOCKS

TYPE	COST
STEEL	\$ 21.32 per LF
LOCKABLE STEEL	32.08 per LF
SELF-LOCKING STEEL	71.65 EACH

**NOTE:** See following page for listing of additional equipment.

## DAIRY EQUIPMENT

#### PLATE COOLERS

#### NUMBER OF STALLS

6	8	12	20	24
\$ 3,455	5,164	6,872	8,581	10,289

#### HERRINGBONE STALLS

SIZE	STALLS	COST
DOUBLE 3	6	\$ 6,496
DOUBLE 4	8	7,736
DOUBLE 6	12	11,603
DOUBLE 10	20	19,339
DOUBLE 12	24	20,431

**NOTE:** Above costs include manually operated gates. Larger or other sizes, use a combination of above.

#### MILK TRANSFER LINES

TYPE	SIZE	COST PER LF
STAINLESS STEEL	18 GAUGE - 1.5"	\$ 6.83
STAINLESS STEEL	18 GAUGE - 2.0"	8.67
STAINLESS STEEL	16 GAUGE - 2.0"	11.29
STAINLESS STEEL	16 GAUGE - 2.5"	15.68
STAINLESS STEEL	16 GAUGE - 3.0"	18.95
GLASS PIPE	1.5"	52.81
GLASS PIPE	2.0"	65.42

**NOTE:** Flushing systems require twice the amount of pipe.

#### Electric pulsator or hydropulsator;

Manual on & off: \$ 462 to \$ 740 Automatic off, add: \$ 772 to \$ 2,312

## SECTION 3 BUNK HOUSES

## **BUNK HOUSES**



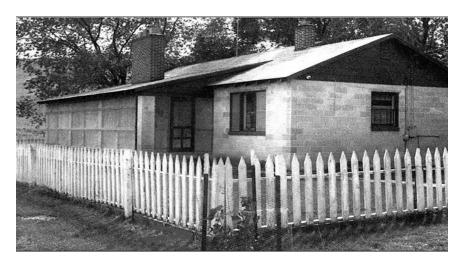
CLASS I LOW QUALITY



CLASS 2
AVERAGE QUALITY



CLASS 3
GOOD QUALITY



CLASS 4
VERY GOOD QUALITY

## **BUNK HOUSES**

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3	CLASS 4
COMPONENT	LOW QUALITY	AVERAGE QUALITY	GOOD QUALITY	VERY GOOD QUALITY
Foundation	Thickened slab around perimeter	Thickened slab around perimeter	Thickened slab around perimeter	Spread footing around perimeter and thickened slab at partitions
Floor	4" concrete slab	4" concrete slab	4" concrete slab	4" concrete slab
Walls	Box construction 2"x4" at 48" on center	Box construction 4"x4" at 48" on center	2"x4" studs at 24" on center, 2"x4" stud partitions at 24" on center	Masonry exterior walls wood frame interior partitions and ceiling
Exterior Cover	Cheap grade redwood or Douglas fir vertical or horizontal	Average grade of redwood, Douglas fir, B and B or horizontal board	Average or better grade of redwood B and B or horizontal siding or stucco finish	Natural blocks
Interior Finish	None	Gypsum board or plywood partitions painted	Gypsum board or plywood partitions painted	Sheet rock finished
Roof Framing	Rafters and tie at plate line	Very simple truss	Rafters, collar beams and ceiling joists or good trusses	Rafters, collar beams and ceiling joists or good trusses
Roofing	Composition or used metal sheeting	Composition or metal sheeting	Aluminum or corrugated iron or light wood shingles	Good grade composition shingles or wood shingles
Doors	Two or three cheap doors	Three or four average doors	One average door each room	One good door each room
Windows	Few and small	One window each room	One steel or aluminum window in each room	One steel sash or aluminum window in each room
Electrical	Minimum outlets	Minimum outlets	Average or better outlets	Average or better outlets adequate amount
Heating & Cooling	None	None	None	None

#### **BUNK HOUSES**

**SQUARE FEET** 

CLASS	400	600	800	1,000	1,200	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,000
1	\$ 14.76	13.95	13.54	13.10	12.93	12.54	12.26	12.01	11.90
2	19.68	18.63	18.15	17.57	17.36	16.87	16.48	16.19	16.07
3	26.59	25.26	24.62	23.90	23.63	22.99	22.52	22.15	21.96
4	47.78	44.28	42.66	40.61	39.97	38.22	36.99	35.92	35.45

1. Utility hook-up costs included.

2. Interior plumbing not included Add for Class 1: \$ 527 per fixture

Class 2: 804 per fixture Class 3: 1,234 per fixture Class 4: 1,893 per fixture

3. Domestic well or septic system not included. Refer to Section 4 for costs

4. Floor covering not included. Add asphalt title or linoleum: \$ 3.29 per sq ft

Add installed carpet: 3.37 per sq ft

5. Cooling systems not included. Add window units: \$ - per sq ft

Add for evaporative coolers, roof or wall units only: 1.67 per sq ft

6. Heating systems not included. Add floor or wall furnace: 0.96 per sq ft

7. Insulation not included. Add for Roof: 0.90 per sq ft

Walls: 0.50 per sq ft

## SECTION 4 UTILITIES

#### **UTILITIES**

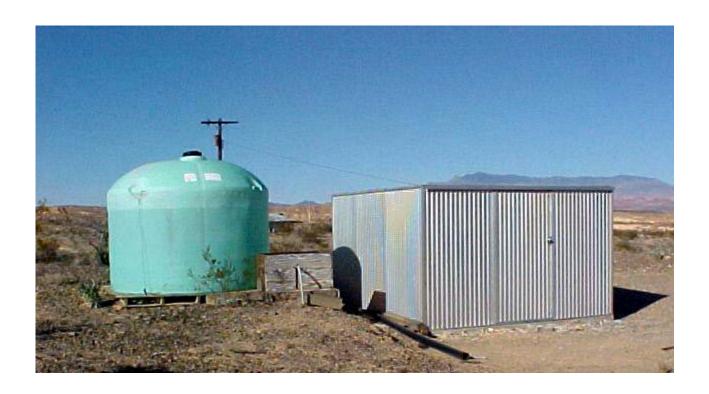
#### DOMESTIC WATER SYSTEMS - SEPTIC SYSTEMS - MOBILE HOME HOOKUPS

**NOTE:** The costs offered in this section represent general or average costs. Actual costs in specific geographic areas may vary substantially thereby requiring each assessor to substitute locally relevant cost data.

Residence and bunkhouse costs already include utility hookups. Mobile home hookup costs appear on Page 3 of this section.

#### PRESSURE TANK SIZES

42 gallons	16 inch diameter	X	48 height	50 inch circumference
82 gallons	20 inch diameter	X	60 height	63 inch circumference
120 gallons	24 inch diameter	X	60 height	75 inch circumference
220 gallons	30 inch diameter	X	72 height	94 inch circumference
315 gallons	36 inch diameter	X	72 height	113 inch circumference
525 gallons	36 inch diameter	X	120 height	113 inch circumference



#### **UTILITIES**

#### **DOMESTIC WATER SYSTEMS**

#### **JET PUMPS**

Includes a completely installed shallow well system package. Does not include well drilling. Bold cells show typical configurations.

#### **PUMP MOTOR (HP)**

TANK						
(GAL)	1/3	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/2	2
40	524	653	820	857	1,042	1,160
80	578	708	874	911	1,096	1,215
120	679	808	975	1,012	1,197	1,315
220	1,032	1,162	1,328	1,365	1,550	1,669
315	1,249	1,379	1,545	1,582	1,767	1,886

**EXAMPLE:** 3/4 HP & 80 GAL TANK \$ 874

1,861

1.695

6" WELL AT 60' DEPTH 1,980

2.083

2,202

TOTAL COST \$ 2,854

1.898

#### **SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS**

Includes pump, piping at well, pressure tank, and pad. <u>Does not include</u> well drilling. **Bold** cells show typical configurations.

#### **PUMP MOTOR (HP)**

П	•	1		Г٦	$r_{\tau}$
	$\Lambda$		•	П	ĸ

525

1,565

(GAL)	1/3	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/2	2	3	5
40	715	937	1,147	1,369	1,702	2,159	2,271	3,752
80	769	991	1,201	1,423	1,756	2,213	2,330	3,811
120	870	1,092	1,302	1,524	1,857	2,313	2,414	3,895
220	1,223	1,445	1,655	1,877	2,210	2,667	2,745	4,225
315	1,440	1,662	1,872	2,094	2,427	2,884	2,903	4,383
525	1,756	1,978	2,188	2,410	2,743	3,200	3,263	4,743

**EXAMPLE:** 1 HP PUMP & 120 GAL TANK \$ 1,524

> 8" WELL AT 100' DEPTH. 5,000

TOTAL COST \$ 6,524

#### WELL DRILLING

Drilling & casing costs per foot of well depth 4" - 6" WELL: \$ 33 per foot (includes gravel and concrete packing) 8" - 10" WELL: 50 per foot

#### UTILITIES

#### **SEPTIC TANKS**

The first table contains average septic tank costs gathered from a statewide market survey of excavating and construction companies conducted in 1991, adjusted for time. The second table contains costs derived from the current Marshall Swift Commercial Manual less 25% for farm labor. Assessors should apply their knowledge of local market conditions to select an appropriate value.

Segregated by common sizes, these costs represent septic tanks installed and connected in normal soil with leach fields and lines, <u>but do not include hookup costs</u>, which are included with residences or bunkhouses. For mobile homes, add the sewer hookup costs listed below.

#### 1991 MARKET SURVEY

#### CAPACITY (GAL)

AREA	1,000	1,250	1,500
CARSON CITY	\$ 3,052	3,360	3,682
RENO	3,524	3,782	4,414
ELKO	3,153	3,579	3,999
PAHRUMP	2,311	2,529	3,153
LAS VEGAS	2,154	2,577	3,105

#### MARSHALL SWIFT OCTOBER 2009

#### CAPACITY (GAL)

QUALITY	1,000	1,250	1,500
LOW	\$ 1,235	1,554	1,795
AVERAGE	1,827	2,223	2,594
GOOD	2,526	2,998	3,526

#### MOBILE HOME HOOKUPS

TYPE	L	ow	AVG	GOOD
Water	\$	633	849	1,184
Electric		946	1352	1,958
Sewer		708	1033	1,325
Gas		297	454	725

WATER hookups include trenching, pipe, and labor from unit to city main or domestic well system.

**ELECTRIC** hookups include pole, box, overhead wiring, and conduit for a 100 ampere system.

**SEWER** hookups include trenching, pipe, and labor to a city sewer main or septic system.

GAS hookups include trenching, pipe, and labor from unit to a gas main or a tank and regulator.

**NOTE:** Mobile home hookup costs do not include connector, service, or user fees.

Hookup costs do include combined piping for 40 linear feet of water and sewer lines.

For either water or sewer piping costs exceeding base, ADD per linear foot: 9.67 to \$12.19

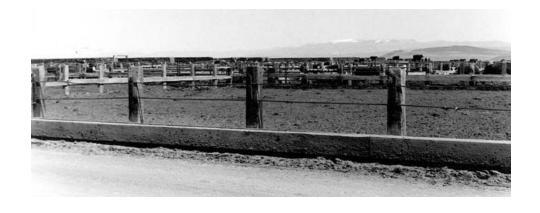
# SECTION 5 CORRALS AND FENCES



RAILROAD TIE POSTS 10' OC POLE RAIL FENCE AVERAGE QUALITY LESS 15 %



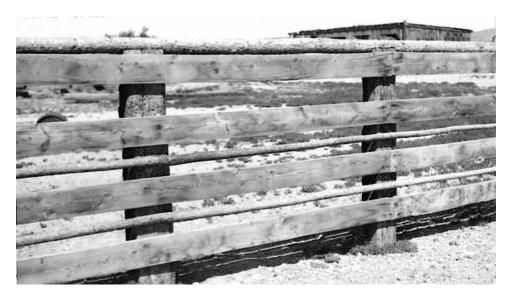
RAILROAD TIE POSTS
POLE RAIL FENCE
WITH FEED TROUGH
AVERAGE QUALITY



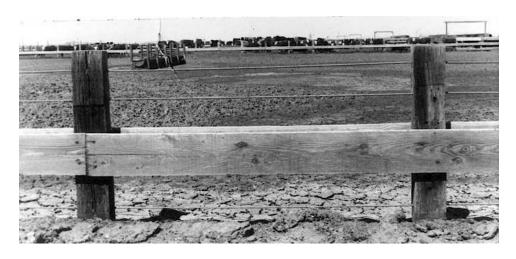
RAILROAD TIE POSTS
CABLE FENCE
WITH FEED TROUGH
AVERAGE QUALITY



RAILROAD TIE POSTS 6' OC 2" X 8" FENCE RAILS AVERAGE QUALITY PLUS 15%



RAILROAD TIE POSTS 8' OC 2" X 8" FENCE RAILS WITH POLES GOOD QUALITY



RAILROAD TIE POSTS
CABLE FENCE
WITH FEED TROUGH
AVERAGE QUALITY

#### **CORRAL FENCING**

#### **COST PER LINEAR FOOT**

TYPE		LOW	FAIR	AVG	GOOD
W	OOD	\$ 5.57	\$ 6.70	\$ 8.10	\$ 9.74
Examp	oles	4-4"	4-6"	5-6"	7-6"
of Rails		3-6"	3-8"	4-10"	6-8"
		2-10"	2-12"	3-12"	4-12"
		2 or 3 poles	4 or 5 poles	6 or 7 poles	7 or 8 poles

Base costs include railroad tie posts eight feet on center with two inch thick rails. Reduce fair – good quality by one class for lighter wood posts or one inch thick rails; reduce low quality by 20 percent. Adjust base cost plus or minus 7.5 percent for each foot of deviation from base of eight feet on center. Less than eight feet, increase costs, more than eight feet, reduce costs. For solid wood fence of two inch thick rails add 35 percent to good quality. Do not adjust base cost overall more or less than 50 percent.

TYPE	LOW	FAIR	AVG	GOOD
WIRE	\$ 2.02	\$ 2.83	\$ 3.65	\$ 4.47
Examples:	2 or 3 strands barbed or hog/cattle fence	3 or 4 strands barbed or light grade woven or welded wire	5 or 6 strands barbed or horse fence (medium welded wire)	7 or 8 strands barbed or bull panels (heavy welded wire)

Base costs include railroad tie posts eight feet on center. Adjusted cost plus or minus 7.5 percent for each foot of deviation from base. Reduce one class for lighter wood posts; reduce two classes for metal "T" posts. Reduce low quality by 30 percent for light wood posts or 50 percent for metal "T" posts. Do not adjust base cost overall more or less than 50 percent.

#### PIPE AND CABLE FENCES

TYPE	LOW	FAIR	AVG
4" PIPE, CABLE RAILS	\$ 7.66	7.91	8.16
4" PIPE, 2" PIPE RAILS	9.77	10.08	10.39

#### WOODEN FEED TROUGHS

TYPE	LOW	FAIR	AVG	GOOD
W/OFENC	E \$ 4.36	\$ 5.76	7.38	10.42
WITHFENC	E \$ 6.13	7.96	9.73	12.68

For metal troughs, add 200 percent. For concrete troughs, add 250 percent.

#### CONCRETE

In-place cost for flatwork per square foot: \$ 2.64 to \$ 3.21 Cost per square foot of wall area: \$ 12.99

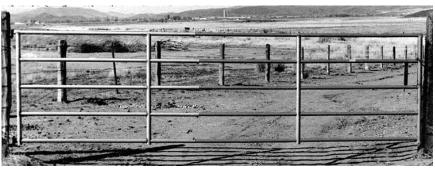
## METAL FENCING AND GATES



5' CHAIN LINK FENCE NO TOP RAIL



COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED GATE GOOD QUALITY



EXPANDED TUBE STEEL GATE



IRON PIPE CORRAL AND HOLDING PEN

#### **CHAIN LINK FENCING**

TIDIOTIO

Average cost per linear foot, including complete installation on two inch round or "H" posts set in concrete, 8 to 12 feet on center.

	HEIGHT				
ТҮРЕ	4'	6'	8'	10'	12'
2" INCH MESH AVERAGE QUALITY	\$ 5.49	7.90	10.42	12.83	15.28
ADD FOR RAILS	1.22	1.22	1.32	1.32	1.32
ADD FOR PRIVACY SLATS	3.70	5.66	7.61	9.76	11.68
ADD FOR 3 STRAND BARBED WIRE	1.59	1.59	1.79	1.79	1.79

Add 5 percent to 15 percent for aluminum or vinyl covered wire.

#### PORTABLE HORSE CORRALS & GATES

ТҮРЕ	L	OW	F	AIR	AVG	G	COOD
METAL PIPE OR	•	5.02	•	7.00	\$ 10.67	•	15 /10
PORTABLE PANELS	Φ	3.02	Þ	1.99	\$ 10.07	Φ	13.40

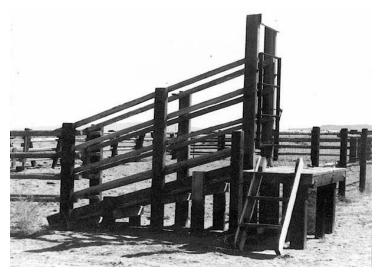
Gates may be included in linear footage of fencing, commensurate to quality class, height, etc.

#### PLASTIC FENCING

TYPE	COST
POLYMER GRID, 5,2" * 6" TOP RAIL	\$ 9.15
VINYL FENCE, 5" * 5" POSTS, 3 - 2" * 6" RAILS	11.09

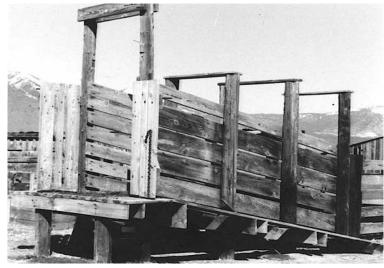
For other types of plastic fence, see the Marshall & Swift Commercial Manual, Section 66 Page 5

## **CORRAL LOADING CHUTES**



## LIGHT SPACED CHUTE

## **HEAVY SPACED CHUTE**





**HEAVY SOLID CHUTE** 

## CORRAL LOADING CHUTE COST PER LINEAR FOOT INCLUDING BOTH SIDES

SPACED	LIGHT CHUTE	\$ 41.12 per lf
	HEAVY CHUTE (INCLUDES PLATFORM)	43.99
SOLID	LIGHT CHUTE	46.86
	HEAVY CHUTE (INCLUDES PLATFORM)	49.73

#### **CONCRETE DIPPING VAT**

#### **USUALLY COMPOSED OF:**

Six inch electric welded fabric, reinforced concrete wade in dipping vat.

Three foot six inches wide by 30 feet long and four feet deep with two inch supply and drain lines included.

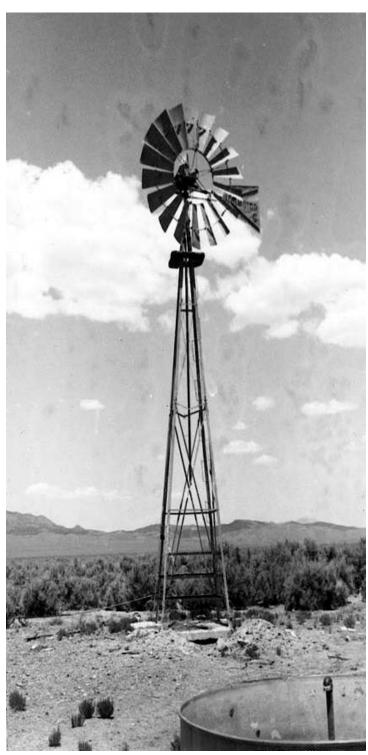
Pump and valve not included.

COMPLETE IN PLACE COST \$ 4,226



**CALF TABLE** 

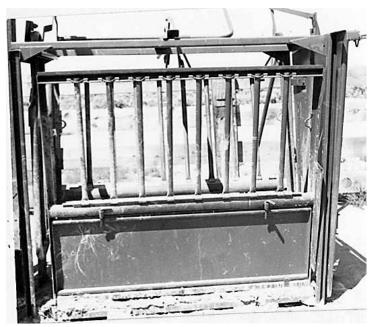
## WINDMILLS & CATTLE SQUEEZES



**SMALL WINDMILL** 



HYDRAULIC SQUEEZE



LIGHT STATIONARY SQUEEZE

## COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED HEAVY DUTY CATTLEGUARDS

7.5' x 8'	7.5' x 10'	7.5' x 12'	7.5' x 15'
\$ 2,074	\$ 2,800	\$ 3,526	\$ 4,253

## CATTLE SQUEEZE

STATIONARY MODEL, LIGHT	\$ 1,489
STATIONARY MODEL, HEAVY	3,210
HEAVY DUTY, HYDRAULIC	8,138
CALFTABLE	945



HEAVY STATIONARY SQUEEZE

## WINDMILLS AND STEEL TOWERS

F	AN	TC	OWER	INSTALLATION	TOTAL COST
6'	\$ 1,220	21'	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,301	\$ 3,812
6'	1,220	27'	1,664	1,243	4,127
6'	1,220	33'	2,054	1,372	4,645
8'	1,545	21'	1,291	1,161	3,997
8'	1,545	27'	1,664	1,029	4,238
8'	1,545	33'	2,054	1,158	4,756
10'	2,670	27'	1,664	1,384	5,718
10'	2,670	33'	2,054	1,439	6,163
12'	4,219	27'	1,664	1,944	7,828
12'	4,219	33'	2,054	2,203	8,476
14'	6,737	27'	1,664	2,721	11,122
14'	6,737	33'	2,054	3,553	12,344
16'	9,120	33'	2,054	3,928	15,101

Includes complete steel wheel, tower and installation excluding well.

## CATTLE AND HORSE WATERING TANKS ROUND BOTTOMLESS STOCK TANKS

25.5 INCH DEEP, GALVANIZED CORRUGATED

PER FOOT OF DIAMETER - 22 GAUGE METAL \$ 27.39

12 GAUGE METAL \$ 48.77

ADD: 10 GAUGE METAL 25%

PER SQUARE FOOT OF CONCRETE SLAB

\$ 2.64

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED METAL WATER TANKS

25.5" TO 27" DEEP, GALVANIZED WITH BOTTOM

PER FOOT OF DIAMETER - 22 GAUGE METAL \$ 34.24

12 GAUGE METAL \$ 63.01

ADD: 10 GAUGE METAL 25%

PER SQUARE FOOT OF CONCRETE BASE \$ 2.64

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED AUTOMATIC WATERERS WITH HEATERS

LEN	WDTH	HGHT	GAL	HEAD	COST
20	18	25	3	30 50	\$ 403
30	24	25	9	80 120	508
32	28	25	13	100 200	616
42	28	25	20	200 300	737
66	28	25	35	300 400	804
84	24	16	40	350 450	860
90	28	25	50	400 550	912
90	36	25	120	500 700	1,006
120	28	25	60	500 700	1,074

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED METAL WATER TROUGHS

(GALVANIZED TANK)

GALLONS						
175	300	500	900			
\$ 133	\$ 192	\$ 252	\$ 375			

#### **ALL OTHER WATER TROUGHS**

1 cubic foot = 7.5 gallons

VOLUME	COST /	GAL	Cu Ft
LESS THAN 100 GALLONS		\$ 2.41	\$ 18.04
100 TO 175 GALLONS		2.20	16.48
176 TO 300 GALLONS		1.99	14.92
301 TO 500 GALLONS		1.78	13.36
OVER 500 GALLONS		1.57	11.79

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED METAL FENCE PANELS

Portable or stationary, not including posts. For wooden posts (RR Ties)

Add \$ 6.00 to	\$ 15.50	EACH
	6'	\$ 166
	8'	196
64" HEIGHT, 5 RAIL MEDIUM DUTY	10'	217
04 HEIGHT, 3 KAIL MEDIUM DUTT	12'	246
	14'	282
	16'	307
	6'	\$ 175
	8'	205
64" HEIGHT, 5 RAIL EXTRA HEAVY DUTY	10'	225
04 HEIGHT, 3 KAIL EATRA HEAVT DUTT	12'	246
	14'	314
	16'	344

For extra heavy duty panels with solid steel sections, increase cost 100%.

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED METAL GATES w LEVER LATCH

WIDTH					
6 FOOT   8 FOOT   12 FOOT   16 FOOT					
\$ 168	\$ 198	\$ 248	\$ 308		

## COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED PROFESSIONAL ROPING AND DOGGING CHUTE

FIRST SECTION WITH RELEASE GATE	\$ 2,483
SECOND SECTION	1,752
STRIPPING CHUTE	837

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED BUCKING CHUTE

FIRST SECTION	\$ 4,816
ADDITIONAL SECTIONS, EACH	3,752

## COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED CROWDING ALLEYS

24' x 60" INCLUDES FRAMES & HEADGATE w STAND	\$ 1,800
24' x 60" ADD-ON SECTION	899
ALLEY STOPS ADD	144
10' CUTOUT GATE INCLUDING FRAME AND 10' PANEL	836

## **CURVED CROWDING ALLEYS**

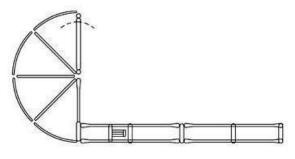
180 DEGREE SWEEP, 10' GATE & 24' ADJUSTABLE ALLEY	
WITH A1 CAGE & 10' X 20' LEAD-UP	\$ 4,965
180 DEGREE SWEEP, 10' GATE & 24' ADJUSTABLE ALLEY	3,191
BLOCKING DOOR ADD	563
ADJUSTABLE ALLEY BOW	119

#### COMMERCIALLY MANUFACTURED FEEDER PANEL

SIZE	EACH		
6' x 64"	\$	248	
8' x 64"		282	
10' x 64"		302	
12' x 64"		348	
16' x 64"		426	

#### **HEADGATES**

SELF CATCH HEAVY DUTY	\$ 1,330
SELF CATCH LIGHT DUTY	557



180' SWEEP w CROWDING ALLEY

# SECTION 6 MISCELLANEOUS COSTS

Most of the costs in this section are based on <u>professional construction labor supervised by a contractor or his job foreman</u>. Few of these costs should be adjusted downward for farm labor with no professional supervision, as most of these items are professionally installed with contractor supervisor.



SILO: GLASS-LINED STEEL



GRAIN STORAGE BINS with CONVEYOR

#### **FARM SILOS**

Costs of concrete stave silo, complete. For other construction material, see factors listed below.

#### **TOTAL COST**

#### HEIGHT

DIAMETER	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'	60'	70'	80'	90'
12'	\$10,610	12,368	14,126	15,879	17,632	21,138	-	-	-
14'	12,200	14,223	16,246	18,269	20,292	24,318	28,324	-	-
16'	12,648	14,748	16,847	18,942	21,036	25,205	29,373	33,521	-
18'	13,667	15,940	18,213	20,471	22,728	27,243	31,738	36,222	40,717
20'	15,308	17,851	20,394	22,917	25,439	30,494	35,529	40,544	45,579
22'	17,754	20,690	23,625	26,565	29,506	35,366	41,227	47,046	52,866
24'	-	-	-	-	33,909	40,656	47,372	54,079	60,755
30'	-	-	-	-	-	55,292	64,413	73,545	82,637

No chute, deduct per vertical foot of height \$ - Flat roof, deduct per square foot of floor area \$ 5.05 No roof, deduct per square foot of floor area \$ 9.53

**NOTE:** For silos constructed from other materials, multiply the costs above by these factors:

Brick masonry	1.75	Glass lined steel	2.15
Reinforced concrete	1.60	Steel	1.80
Concrete block	1.20	Wood	1.10

#### SILO UNLOADER

#### **EACH**

12'	14'	16	18'	20'	22'	24'	26'	28'	30'
\$ 8,368	8,714	9,305	9,815	10,528	10,804	11,415	N/A	NA	12,139

**NOTE:** Above costs are based on <u>professional construction labor supervised by a contractor or his job foreman</u>. For farm labor with no professional supervision, costs should be reduced up to 25 percent relative to the quality of the finished product.

#### STEEL GRAIN BINS

Costs are averages for utility type storage bins usually found on farms and ranches. Costs of standard bins are for tank with door and manhole, erected on buyer's slab. Height is to top of shell. Cost of ventilated floor includes floor, auger tube, and steel columns and beam supports for plenum assembly.

**NOTE:** To calculate capacity in bushels, multiply diameter squared x height x .63.

CT	76	CADA CUDY		COCE MEN	
	ZE	CAPACITY	COST W/O	COST WITH	GI A D EI O O D
DIAM	HGHT	(BUSHELS)	DRY BIN	DRY BIN	SLAB FLOOR
15	7	1,257	\$ 4,427	\$ 6,445	\$ 582
15	11	1,792	5,838	8,498	632
15	15	2,329	6,968	10,151	725
15	18	2,864	7,822	11,395	834
18	11	2,647	6,450	8,399	775
18	15	3,422	8,019	11,671	809
18	18	4,198	9,100	13,231	834
21	11	3,693	7,146	10,398	1,061
21	15	4,753	9,095	13,221	1,110
21	18	5,813	11,030	16,044	1,160
24	11	4,949	8,735	12,703	1,342
24	15	6,344	10,714	15,580	1,411
24	18	7,739	13,280	19,321	1,476
27	11	6,409	10,329	15,027	1,737
27	15	8,182	12,732	18,526	1,821
30	15	10,278	15,451	22,489	1,999
30	18	12,473	18,269	26,585	2,122
30	22	14,668	21,077	-	2,245
30	26	16,863	23,436	-	2,418
36	15	15,297	21,877	31,831	2,961
36	18	18,473	24,828	36,129	3,134
36	22	21,648	28,855	-	3,282

**ADD:** PER SQUARE FOOT OF CONCRETE SLAB \$ 2.64

LADDERS	\$ 63	PLUS	\$ 8.88	PER LINEAR FOOT
SAFETY CAGES	17.27	TO	21.47	PER FOOT INSTALLED
AUGER AND DRIVE	370	PLUS	36.03	PER FOOT OF TANK DIAMETER
<b>SPREADERS</b>	721	TO	1,076	EACH
<b>STIRRATORS</b>	167.79	TO	256.62	PER FOOT OF TANK DIAMETER

**NOTE:** Above costs are based on <u>professional construction labor supervised by a contractor or his job foreman</u>. For labor with no professional supervision, costs should be reduced up to 25 percent relative to the quality of the finished product.

#### **FEED TANKS**

Costs are averages of typical farm hoppers with roof, manhole, and ladder including necessary steel structural supports and concrete footings. Height is overall from ground level to top of tank. Capacity in tons is figured at 50 pounds per bushel.

DIAMETER	HEIGHT	CAPACITY	CAPACITY	
(FEET)	(FEET)	(BUSHELS)	(TONS)	COST
6	10'	120	3.0	\$ 1,653
6'	16'	240	6.0	2,344
6'	21'	360	9.0	2,665
6'	25'	480	12.0	3,010
6'	28'	600	15.0	3,306
7'	11'	157	4.0	2,270
7'	14'	239	6.0	2,443
7'	16'	321	8.0	3,627
7'	19'	403	10.0	2,838
9'	14'	300	7.8	3,405
9'	17'	450	11.3	4,071
9'	20'	590	14.8	4,417
9'	25'	855	21.4	5,108
9'	28'	1,000	25.0	5,379
9'	31'	1,130	28.5	5,626
12'	20'	870	21.8	7,600
12'	25'	1,345	33.6	8,636
12'	31'	1,825	45.6	9,870
12'	36'	2,300	57.5	10,660
12'	42'	2,780	69.5	11,647

**ADD:** PER SQUARE FOOT OF HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE SLAB \$ 4.28

**NOTE:** Above costs are based on <u>professional construction labor supervised by a contractor or his job foreman</u>. For farm labor with no professional supervision costs should be reduced up to 25 percent relative to the quality of the finished product.

# **GRAIN HANDLING SYSTEMS**

Cost of handling equipment only does not include grain storage bins. Most grain handling systems are <u>professionally installed with contractor supervision</u>. In cases where unsupervised nonprofessional help such as farm labor is used, reduce the costs listed up to 25 percent, depending on the quality of workmanship.

# GRAIN LOADING AND UNLOADING SYSTEMS

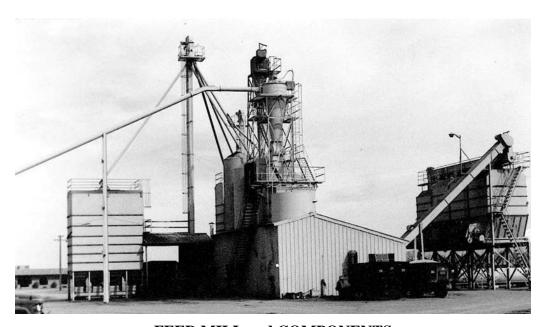
# **CONVEYOR**

DIAM	COST/LIN FT
6"	\$ 60
8"	82
10"	111
12"	144
14"	171
16"	213

**AUGER-TYPE** 

WIDTH	COST/LIN FT		
12"	\$ 106		
18"	160		
24"	189		
30"	215		
36"	231		
48"	297		

**BELT-TYPE** 



**FEED MILL and COMPONENTS** 

#### **ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS**

#### **HOME GENERATOR SETS**

RATING - KW	GASOLINE	DIESEL
3.0	\$ 2,727	\$ 3,272
4.0	3,331	3,998
5.0	3,936	4,723
7.0	5,312	6,375

#### **COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL GENERATORS**

RATING - KW	GASOLINE	DIESEL
10.0	\$ 12,490	\$ 15,553
12.5	14,754	18,270
15.0	16,478	20,338
20.0	18,640	23,339
25.0	19,337	23,392
30.0	20,033	23,445
40.0	23,868	28,073
50.0	25,953	30,755
60.0	34,213	40,558
100.0	42,472	50,361
150.0	58,679	69,654

For Air Cooling, Deduct: 15%

For natural or LP gas fuel systems, Add per KW: \$ 23.32 For remote control starting, gasoline fuel, Add: \$ 89.38

NOTE: Above costs include minimal current load control switchboard facilities. Above costs do not include mounting pads

# ALTERNATING CURRENT LOAD CONTROL SWITCHBOARD

# AUTOMATIC EMERGENCY SWITCHBOARD FOR GASOLINE PLANT

RA'	TING		COST	RA	TING		COST
KW	<b>AMPS</b>	<b>VOLTAGE</b>	<b>EACH</b>	KW	<b>AMPS</b>	VOLTAGE	EACH
15	130	240; 230/400	\$ 1,312	15	130	120/240	\$ 655
20	170	120/240; 240	1,860	20	170	120/240	2,138
25	210	240; 120/240	2,407	25	210	120/240	3,621
30	250	240; 120/240	2,955	30	250	120/240	5,104
40	330	120/240; 240	3,502	40	330	120/240	6,587
50	420	480;240	4,050	50	420	120/240	8,070
60	500	480;240	4,597	60	500	120/240	9,553
100	830	480;240	5,145	100	830	120/240	11,036

**ADD** FOR DIESEL POWERED PLANTS: \$ 171

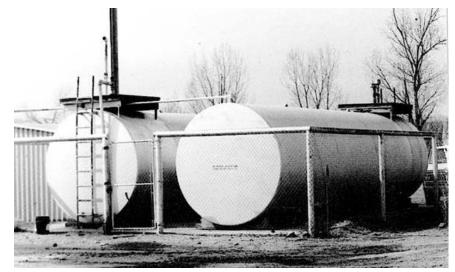
FOR CIRCUIT BREAKERS: \$ 556 TO \$ 3,180

# **SCALES AND FUEL TANKS**



LIVESTOCK SCALE with WOOD CAGE





**BULK FUEL TANKS** 

#### LIVESTOCK SCALES

BEAM TYPE	SIZE	CAPACITY	COST
FULL CAPACITY	14' X 8'	5 TON	\$ 12,140
FULL CAPACITY	16 X 8'	10 TON	15,891
FULL CAPACITY	22' X 10'	15 TON	22,701

#### SCALE CAGES

	<b>METAL</b>			WOOD		
<b>SIZE</b>		COST	SIZE			COST
14'	\$	1,556	14' X 8'		\$_	792
16'		1,748	16' X 8'			814
22'		2,414	22' X 10'			1,011
24'		2,630	24' X 10'			1,050

FOR TYPE REGISTERING BEAM, ADD. \$ 694 FOR PRINTER, ADD 1,234 FOR ELECTRONIC DIGITAL SCALE, ADD. 3,874

Scale pit 4 inch concrete walls and slab poured in place. May be poured in or on top of ground. If on top, compacted ramps and steps to scale beam included.

#### MOTOR TRUCK SCALES

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Reinforced concrete pit and platform. All steel structure and scale mechanism.

Motor truck scales are of two general types: the beam type (either manual or type registering) and the full automatic dial type. The construction of both, insofar as the weight carrying mechanism is concerned, is very similar. The method of recording the weights makes the difference.

CAPACITY	TOTAL COST
20 TONS	\$ 31,831
30 TONS	36,963
40 TONS	42,490
50 TONS	47,993
60 TONS	53,589
70 TONS	62,724

FOR WOOD PLATFORM, DEDUCT: 6%
FOR STEEL PLATE, ADD: 5%
FOR AUTOMATIC DIAL MODEL, ADD: \$ 2,517
FOR REMOTE READER-PRINTER, ADD: 7,699
FOR CARD PRINTER, ADD: 1,777

#### UNDERGROUND FUEL STORAGE

Costs are for complete installation. For multiple installation, two or more tanks in one hole, deduct 7 percent for each extra tank, consider the largest tank as the base. Add \$3.50 per square foot for any concrete pad work. Costs do not include electric pumps. See following page 8 in this section for pump costs.

GALLONS	COST	GALLONS	COST
300	\$ 4,056	4,000	\$10,513
550	4,686	5,000	11,990
1,000	6,143	6,000	14,214
2,000	7,993	8,000	15,947
3,000	8,997	10,000	19,392

#### ABOVE GROUND HORIZONTAL BULK (FUEL) STORAGE

Costs are for complete installation. Includes holding stand, discharge hose and valve. Does not include any electric pumps. See following Page 8 in this section for pump costs.

GALLONS	COST	GALLONS	COST
200	\$ 1,595	3,000	\$ 4,705
350	2,433	4,000	5,493
550	2,611	5,000	6,379
1,000	3,012	7,500	8,584
2,000	3,780	10,000	10,730

#### **ELECTRONIC FUEL DISPENSERS**

TYPE 1				
	WITHOUT METER	\$ 385	TO	\$ 1,047
	WITH METER	540	TO	1,239
TYPE II				
	WITHOUT METER	\$ 715	TO	\$ 963
	WITH METER	1,288	TO	1,197
TYPE III		\$ 611	TO	\$ 924
TYPE IV		\$ 896	TO	\$ 1,793
TYPE V		\$ 2,008	TO	\$ 2,575

**NOTE:** To calculate tank volume use the following formula: Volume in gallons = Pi x radius squared x length x 7.5 =.

**EXAMPLE:** A tank five feet in diameter and 14 feet in length; Pi equals 3.1416;

Radius (one half of diameter) equals 2.5 feet:  $3.1416 \times 2.5$  squared x 14 feet x 7.5 = 2,062 gallons.

# **FUEL DISPENSERS**







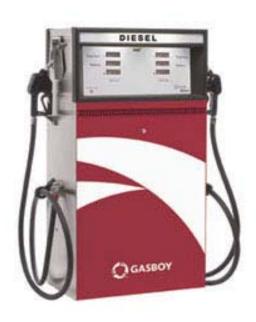
TYPE I—NO METER

TYPE I METER

TYPE II—WITH METER







TYPE III TYPE IV TYPE V

# SECTION 7 COMPUTATIONAL TABLES

#### MENSURATION PRINCIPLES

**PLANE FIGURE** A plane surface bounded by either straight or curved lines having no thickness.

**SOLID** A body, such as a barrel, building, etc.

**SQUARE MEASURE** Area calculation requiring only two dimensions, length and width.

**CUBIC MEASURE** Cubic or cubage means volume and gives size in terms of its bulk. Calculation requires three

dimensions: length times width times depth or height or thickness.

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

Tables of weights, measures and other information helpful to the assessor-appraiser.

#### METRIC MEASURE

Millimeter 0.001 meters

Centimeter 0.01 meters

Decimeter 0.1 meters

Meter 39.3685 inches Kilometer 1,000 meters Kilometer 0. 62137 miles Meter 1.0935 yards 3.2807 feet Meter 1 foot 0.30480 meter 1 foot 30.48 centimeters 2.54 centimeters 1 inch

#### LINEAR MEASURE

1 foot 12 inches

1 yard 3 feet, 36 inches

1 rod 5 1/2 yards, 16 1/2 feet, 25 links 1 furlong 40 rods, 220 yards, 660 feet

1 mile 8 furlongs, 320 rods, 1,760 yards, 5,280 feet

#### SURVEYOR'S LINEAR MEASURE

1 link
 7.92 inches
 1 rod
 25 links

1 chain 4 rods, 100 links, 66 feet

1 furlong 10 chains

1 mile 8 furlongs, 80 chains

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

#### **SQUARE MEASURE**

1 square foot 144 square inches

1 square yard 9 square feet, 1,296 square inches

1 square rod 1 pole or perch, 30 1/4 square yards, 272 1/4 square feet

1 rood 40 square rods, 1,210 square yards, 1/4 acre

1 acre 160 square rods, 4,840 square yards, 43,560 square feet

1 square mile 640 acres

#### SURVEYOR'S SQUARE MEASURE

1 square rod 625 square links1 square chain 16 square rods1 acre 10 square chains

1 square mile 640 acres

#### **CUBIC MEASURE**

1 cubic foot 1,728 cubic inches, 7.481 gallons

1 cubic yard 27 cubic feet 1 cord foot 16 cubic feet

1 cord of wood 8 cord feet, 128 cubic feet

1 perch of masonry 24 3/4 cubic feet 1 bushel 1.2445 cubic feet

#### ANGLES AND ARCS

1 minute 60 seconds 1 degree 60 minutes

1 right angle 90 degrees, 1 quadrant 1 circumference 360 degrees, 4 quadrants

#### **BOARD MEASURE**

1 board foot length in feet times width in feet times thickness in inches

#### **AREAS**

Square feet of surface area equals square of one side multiplied by the given factor.

#### **NUMBER**

	OF	
REGULAR SHAPED	<u>SIDES</u>	<b>FACTOR</b>
Equilateral triangle	3	0.433
Pentagon	5	1.721
Hexagon	6	2.598
Heptagon	7	3.634
Octagon	8	4.828
Nonagon	9	6.182
Decagon	10	7.694
Undecagon	11	9.366
Dodecagon	12	11.196

#### MEASURES AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS

A gallon of water (U. S. Standard) weighs 8 1/3 pounds and contains 231 cubic inches.

A cubic foot of water contains 7 1/2 gallons, 1,728 cubic inches and weighs 62 1/2 pounds.

Doubling the diameter of a pipe increases its capacity four times.

To find the capacity of any size tank: given the dimensions of a cylinder in inches, to find its capacity in U. S. gallons; square the diameter, multiply by the length and by 0.0034. (Note: See table on tank capacities.)

Rectangular tanks: multiply the length by the width by the depth (all in inches) and divide the result by 231. The answer is the capacity in gallons.

Thirty one and one half (31 1/2) gallons water equals one barrel by weight.

British Thermal Unit (BTU) is the amount of the heat required to raise one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit.

A ton of refrigeration is measured by the displacement of the amount of heat required to melt a ton of ice in 24 hours. One motor horsepower of an electrically powered unit is normally required to produce one ton of refrigeration. Twelve thousand British Thermal Units (12,000 BTU) equals one ton.

Watts = Volts multiplied by Amps

Horsepower equals Kilowatts multiplied by 1.3405.

Kilowatts equal horsepower multiplied by 0.746.

#### **WEIGHTS**

**BRICK:** Common brick of the national size weigh from 4 1/2 to five pounds; pressed and paving brick, from six to seven

pounds, depending upon clay, burning and size.

**LIME:** On the basis of 53 pounds to the cubic foot, lime weighs about 66 pounds to the bushel, but in bulk it often sells

on the basis of 80 pounds to the bushel or 200 pounds to the barrel of 2 1/4 bushels.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

#### WEIGHT AND MEASURE EQUIVALENTS

1 cubic inch of cast iron weighs 0.26 pounds

1 cubic inch of wrought iron weighs 0.28 pounds

1 cubic inch of water weighs 0.036 pounds

1 cubic foot of water weighs 62.321 pounds

1 United States gallon weighs 8.34 pounds

1 Imperial gallon weighs 10.00 pounds

1 United States gallon equals 231.01 cubic inches

1 Imperial gallon equals 277.274 cubic inches

1 cubic foot of water equals 7.48 U.S. gallons

1 gallon (water) weighs 8.34 pounds

1 gallon equals 0.1337 cubic feet

1 gallon equals 0.1074 bushels

1 cubic foot equals 0.8032 bushels

1 barrel (oil) equals 42 gallons

1 barrel (water) equals 31.5 gallons

A span is 9 inches

A hand, horse measurement, equals 4 inches

A knot, nautical, equals 6,080.27 feet

A fathom, nautical, equals 6 feet

A stone equals 14 pounds

Pressure in pounds per square inch of column of water equals 0.434 times the height of the column in feet.

A square acre measures approximately 208.7 feet on each side.

1 acre measures about 8 rods by 20 rods, or any two combinations of rods whose product equals 160.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

#### WEIGHT AND MEASURE EQUIVALENTS

To convert bushels to tons, multiply number of bushels by 60 and divide the product by 2,000 (average maximum weight of commodities 60 pounds per bushel).

To convert gallons to bushels, divide gallons by 9.35. Answer in bushels.

To convert cubic measure into bushels, multiply by 0.8035.

#### AREAS AND MEASUREMENTS

To find the circumference of a circle, multiply the diameter by 3.1416.

To find the diameter, multiply circumference by 0.3183 or divide circumference by 3.1416.

To find the radius, multiply circumference by 0.15915.

To find the side of an inscribed square, multiply the diameter by 0.07071 or multiply the circumference by 0.2251.

To find the side of an equal square, multiply the diameter by 0.8863 or multiply the circumference by 0.2821.

**SQUARE:** A side multiplied by 1.4142 equals the diameter of its circumscribing circle.

A side multiplied by 4.443 equals the circumference of its circumscribing circle.

A side multiplied by 1.126 equals the diameter of an equal circle.

A side multiplied by 3.547 equals the circumference of an equal circle.

To find the area of a circle, multiply the circumference by one-quarter of the diameter or multiply the square of the diameter by 0.7854 or multiply the square of the circumference by 0.07958 or multiply the square of one-half of the diameter by 3.1416.

To find the surface of a sphere or globe, multiply the diameter by the circumference or multiply the square of the diameter by 3.1416 or multiply four times the square of the radius by 3.1416.

To find tank capacities, diameter square times .0034 equals gallons per inch of height - Base 42 gallons per barrel.

To find area of a triangle, multiply base by 1/2 perpendicular height.

To find area of an ellipse, product of both diameters times 0.7854.

To find area of a parallelogram, base times altitude.

To find cubic inches in a ball, multiply cube of diameter by 0.5236.

To find cubic contents of a cone, multiply area of base by one third the altitude.

Area of rectangle equals length multiplied by width.

Surface of frustum of cone or pyramid equals sum of circumference of both ends times 1/2 slant height plus area both ends.

Contents of frustum of cone or pyramid: multiply area of two ends and get square root, add the two areas and times 1/3 altitude.

**CONVERSION TABLES** 

# TABLE FOR AREA AND CAPACITY OF CIRCULAR TANKS / FOOT

DIAMETER	CIRCUMFRENCE	AREA	GALLONS		BARRELS (OIL)
3	9.42	7.07	53	6	1.26
4	12.57	12.57	94	10	2.24
5	15.71	19.63	147	16	3.50
6	18.85	28.27	212	23	5.00
7	21.99	38.48	288	31	6.80
8	25.13	50.27	376	42	9.00
9	28.27	63.62	477	51	11.30
10	31.42	78.54	587	63	14.00
11	34.56	95.03	711	76	16.90
12	37.69	113.10	846	91	20.20
13	40.84	132.73	993	107	23.70
14	43.98	153.94	1,151	124	27.40
15	47.12	176.72	1,322	142	31.50
16	50.26	201.06	1,054	162	35.80
17	53.41	226.98	1,698	182	40.40
18	56.55	254.47	1,903	204	45.30
19	59.69	283.53	2,121	228	50.50
20	62.83	314.16	2,350	252	56.00
21	65.97	346.36	2,591	278	61.70
22	69.12	380.13	2,843	305	67.70
23	72.26	415.48	3,108	334	74.00
24	75.40	452.39	3,384	364	80.60
25	78.54	490.87	3,672	394	87.40
26	81.68	530.93	3,971	427	94.60
27	84.82	572.56	4,283	460	102.00
28	87.97	615.75	4,606	495	109.70
29	91.11	660.52	4,941	531	117.60
30	94.25	706.86	5,287	568	125.80
31	97.39	754.77	5,646	606	134.40
32	100.53	804.25	6,016	646	143.20
33	103.67	855.30	6,398	687	152.30
34	106.81	907.92	6,791	730	161.60
35	109.96	962.11	7,197	773	171.30
36	113.10	1,017.88	7,614	818	181.30
37	116.24	1,075.21	8,043	864	191.50
38	119.38	1,134.11	8,483	911	202.00
39	122.52	1,194.59	8,936	960	212.70
40	125.66	1,256.64	9,400	1,010	223.80

**NOTE:** Capacity of cylindrical tanks standing on end.

#### **CONVERSION TABLES**

**NOTES on cylindrical tanks:** To find the capacity in cubic feet of a round tank or cistern, multiply the square of the average diameter by the depth and multiply the product by 0.785.

#### TABLE FOR CONVERSION OF LINEAR FEET INTO BOARD FEET

2 by 4	0.667 board feet
3 by 4	1.000 board feet
2 by 6	1.000 board feet
2 by 8	1.333 board feet
2 by 10	1.667 board feet
2 by 12	2.000 board feet
2 by 14	2.333 board feet
2 by 16	2.667 board feet
3 by 6	1.500 board feet
4 by 6	2.000 board feet
4 by 10	3.333 board feet
4 by 12	4.000 board feet
6 by 6	3.000 board feet
6 by 8	4.000 board feet
10 by 12	10.000 board feet
12 by 12	12.000 board feet

#### **BOARD MEASURE**

Multiply thickness in inches by width in inches, divide product by 12 and multiply result by the length in feet. The result is board measure content.

#### **EXAMPLE**

Two inches times 10 inches equal 20 square inches divided by 12 equals 1.667 board feet times 1,000 linear feet equals 1,667 board feet.

<sup>\*</sup>To find the capacity in barrels (oil) equals diameter squared times0 .1399 times height.

<sup>\*\*</sup> To find the capacity in gallons equals diameter squared times 5.8748 times height.

#### CENTER PIVOT IRRIGATION SYSTEM DATA

-----AREA COVERED IN ACRES-----

TOTAL SYSTEM LENGTH (IN FEET) <u>2</u> /	PERCENT OF WATER APPLIED IN LAST 100 FEET 1/	TOTAL ACRES OF SQUARE FIELD TWICE LENGTH OF SYSTEM	WITH GUN <u>3</u> / SPRINKLER CORNERS USED ONLY	WITH GUN SPRINKLER USED ON ENTIRE CIRCLE 3/	WITHOUT END GUN
600	30.6	33.1	30.8	35.3	26.0
650	28.4	38.8	36.0	40.6	30.5
700	26.5	45.0	41.5	46.2	35.3
750	24.9	51.7	47.3	52.1	40.6
800	23.4	58.8	53.4	58.4	46.2
850	22.1	66.3	59.8	65.1	52.1
900	21.0	74.4	66.5	72.1	58.4
960	19.9	82.9	73.6	79.5	65.1
1,000	19.0	91.8	81.1	87.3	72.1
1,050	18.1	101.2	89.0	95.4	79.5
1,100	17.4	111.1	97.3	103.8	87.3
1,150	16.6	121.4	106.0	112.7	95.4
1,200	16.0	132.2	115.1	121.9	103.9
1,250	15.4	143.5	124.6	131.4	112.7
1,300	14.8	155.2	134.5	141.4	121.9
1,320	14.6	16.0	138.5	145.4	125.7
1,350	14.3	167.4	144.7	151.6	131.4
1,400	13.8	180.0	155.4	162.3	141.4
1,450	13.3	193.1	166.5	173.3	151.6
1,500	12.9	206.6	178.0	184.6	162.3

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}$ / Less volume of end gun when used.

**EXAMPLE:** System is 900 feet long. Then 21 percent of water is applied in last 100 feet; 66.5 acres are covered with gun used in corners only.

<sup>2/</sup> Generally outside drive wheel is approximately 50 feet from end.

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>3</u>/ Based on 100 feet gun coverage.