



STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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Posted 6/20/24

NOTICE OF WORKSHOPS

Proposed Permanent Regulations

LCB File No. R036-24, R040-24, R041-24, R044-24, R045-24, R046-24 and R052-23

Date and Time of Meeting:

July 9, 2024

9:00 a.m.

Place of Meeting:

**Nevada Department of Taxation
4600 Kietzke Lane, Suite L235
Reno, NV 89502**

This meeting will also be available by zoom. Please use the link below to join the webinar:

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The Department of Taxation will hold workshops to solicit comments from interested parties on the following proposed permanent regulations:

LCB File No. R036-24, revises provisions relating to the determination of the taxable value of land within a qualified subdivision; revises provisions relating to the partial abatement of property taxes; provides that staff who provide orientation in certain hearings held before the Nevada Tax Commission are staff of the Department of Taxation; repeals various provisions relating to property tax; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law provides methods for determining the taxable value of property and requires the Nevada Tax Commission to establish by regulation the criteria for the valuation of two or more parcels as a subdivision. (NRS 361.227) Existing regulations require the county assessor to use certain information, as he or she deems appropriate, in determining the taxable value of land within a qualified subdivision, including the estimated retail selling price of all parcels in the subdivision which are not sold, rented or occupied, reduced by the percentage specified for the expected absorption period of the parcels. (NAC 361.1295) **Section 5** of this regulation clarifies that the parcels to be used in calculating the estimated retail selling price are all parcels which have not been sold, rented or otherwise occupied.

Existing law provides a partial abatement of the property taxes levied on property for which an assessed valuation has previously been established, a remainder parcel of real property, certain single-family residences which serve as the primary residence of the owner and certain residential rental dwellings. (NRS 361.4722, 361.4723, 361.4724) Existing regulations set forth procedures for claiming the primary residential abatement and the residential rental abatement. (NAC 361.606, 361.607) Existing regulations require a county assessor, before delivering the tax roll to the county tax receiver each year, to determine whether each parcel or other taxable unit of property designated on the tax roll is: (1) eligible for a primary residential abatement; (2) eligible for a residential rental abatement; (3) eligible for a general abatement; or (4) ineligible for any of those partial abatements of property taxes. (NAC 361.6055) **Section 7** of this regulation provides that such a determination is only required for such properties for which a claim for a primary residential abatement or a residential rental abatement is made. **Section 6** of this regulation defines the term “abatement percentage” for the purposes of provisions relating to the partial abatement of taxes.

Under existing law, if a new parcel or other taxable unit of property is a remainder parcel, the remainder parcel qualifies for a partial abatement of property taxes, and the taxes on the remainder parcel may not increase by more than a certain percentage of the taxes which would have been imposed on the remainder parcel in the immediately preceding fiscal year if an assessed valuation had been separately established for the remainder parcel for the immediately preceding fiscal year. (NRS 361.4722) Existing regulations set forth the manner in which a new parcel is determined to be a remainder parcel that qualifies for a partial abatement of property taxes. Under existing regulations, each new parcel for development must be evaluated to determine whether there has been any change in the use of the property that comprises the parcel. If the use of such property has not changed, the parcel is a remainder parcel and qualifies for the partial abatement of taxes. However, if the use of such property has changed, the parcel is a new parcel for development and does not qualify for a partial abatement of taxes. Existing regulations require a determination that there is a change in the use of the property to be based on certain findings, including a finding that the property was being used as vacant land as of the commencement of the prior year and, as the result of the recording of a subdivision map creating

a new commercial or industrial subdivision or the creation of new parcels within such a subdivisions, the property is held for commercial or industrial use as of the commencement of the current year. (NAC 361.61034) **Section 8** of this regulation authorizes a determination that there is a change in the use of a property to be based on a finding that the property was being used as vacant land as of the commencement of the prior year and as the result of the recording of a subdivision map creating new commercial or industrial parcels, the property is held for commercial or industrial use as of the commencement of the current year.

Existing law authorizes a taxpayer who is aggrieved by a determination relating to the applicability of certain partial abatements from taxation to, under certain circumstances, submit a written petition for the review of such a determination to the county assessor or the Department of Taxation, as applicable. Existing law further authorizes a taxpayer who is aggrieved by a decision rendered by the county assessor or the Department in such a review to appeal the decision to the Commission. (NRS 361.4734) Existing regulations set forth procedures for such appeals to the Commission. (NAC 361.6105-361.61074) Existing regulations provide that the order in which arguments will ordinarily be received from the parties in a hearing held before the Commission is: (1) orientation by staff; (2) argument by the petitioner; (3) argument by interveners; (4) argument by any other party; and (5) rebuttal by the petitioner. (NAC 361.6107) Existing regulations define the term “staff” for purposes of such provisions to mean staff of the Department. (NAC 361.61062) **Section 10** of this regulation provides that the staff who provide such orientation are staff of the Department. **Section 11** of this regulation repeals the definition of “staff” which is made duplicative by the changes in **section 10**. **Section 9** of this regulation makes a conforming change to remove a reference to this repealed provision.

Existing law exempts certain property from taxation, including, with certain exceptions, fine art for public display. (NRS 361.068, 361.186) Existing law requires a person claiming such an exemption to make available for educational purposes and not for resale, upon written request and without charge to any public school, private school and parent of a child who receives instruction in a home, one copy of a poster depicting the fine art that the facility has on public display if such a poster is available for purchase by the public at the time of the request. (NRS 361.068) Existing regulations require, upon the receipt of a request for such a poster, the taxpayer claiming such an exemption to select which poster to provide to the school or parent. (NAC 361.044) **Section 11** repeals this requirement and **section 1** of this regulation makes a conforming change to remove a reference to the repealed provision.

Existing law provides that, with certain exceptions, certain qualified systems that provide heating, cooling or electricity are exempt from taxation for purposes of the assessment of property pursuant to chapter 361 of NRS. (NRS 701A.200) Assembly Bill No. 621, which was enacted during the 2007 Legislative Session, repealed a substantially similar provision of law which provided an exemption from property taxes for any value added to the assessed value of a building by certain qualified systems that provide heating, cooling or electricity. (Section 16, chapter 539, Statutes of Nevada 2007, at page 3389) **Section 11** repeals provisions relating to the valuation of a qualified system and reporting requirements relating to buildings containing such systems. (NAC 361.052-361.058)

Section 11 also repeals provisions: (1) requiring each county assessor of a county to furnish to the Department certain information regarding the appraisal and valuation of property; (2) describing the stock and debt approach to valuing certain property used in the operation of utilities; and (3) providing a method to adjust apportionments to school districts during the fiscal year, as authorized by law prior to the enactment of Senate Bill No. 543 of the 2019 Legislative Session, which established the Pupil-Centered Funding Plan. **Sections 2-4** of this regulation make conforming changes to remove references to provisions repealed by **section 11**.

LCB File No. R040-24, repeals the regulation requiring a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue for a taxable year is less than \$4,000,000 to file a commerce tax return; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law imposes an annual commerce tax upon each business entity whose Nevada gross revenue in a taxable year exceeds \$4,000,000. (NRS 363C.200) Before the passage of Senate Bill No. 497 of the 2019 Legislative Session (S.B. 497), a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue in a taxable year was \$4,000,000 or less, while not liable for the payment of commerce tax, was nonetheless required to file a commerce tax report with the Department of Taxation. S.B. 497 removed the requirement for a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue in a taxable year is \$4,000,000 or less to file a commerce tax report. (NRS 363C.200, as amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 497, chapter 329, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2021) Existing regulations: (1) require each business entity engaging in a business in this State during a taxable year to file a commerce tax return regardless of whether the business entity is liable for payment of the commerce tax; and (2) limit the information which a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue for a taxable year is less than \$4,000,000 is required to provide on its commerce tax return. (NAC 363C.220) This regulation repeals these provisions to reflect that a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue for a taxable year is less than \$4,000,000 is not required to file a commerce tax return.

LCB File No. R041-24, revises requirements for the maintenance of certain records by a taxpayer that is an escort or escort service; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law imposes a tax on admission to a facility where live entertainment is provided and on the charge for live entertainment provided by an escort. (NRS 368A.200) Under existing regulations, if a taxpayer is an escort or an escort service, the taxpayer is required to: (1) register with the Department of Taxation to collect the tax on live entertainment and remit that tax to the Department; (2) maintain certain records for at least 4 years after creation of the record, including the date on which an escort service was provided and the full amount charged for the service; and (3) make such records available to the Department for inspection under certain conditions. (NAC 368A.110) This regulation requires that the full amount charged for the escort service, as recorded by the taxpayer, must not include any deductions for any service cost, interest, losses, tips or gratuities or any other expense.

LCB File No. R044-24, revises provisions governing the administration and collection of excise taxes on the connection of a passenger to certain forms of transportation; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law imposes an excise tax on the use of certain means by a transportation network company or autonomous vehicle network company to connect a passenger to a driver or a fully autonomous vehicle, respectively, for the purpose of providing transportation services at the rate of 3 percent of the total fare charged for the transportation services. (NRS 372B.140, 372B.145) Existing law imposes a similar excise tax on the connection of a passenger to a person or operator or a taxicab by a common motor carrier of passengers or a person who holds a certificate of public convenience and necessity to operate a taxicab business, at the rate of 3 percent of the total fare charged for the transportation. (NRS 372B.150, 372B.160) Existing law requires the Department of Taxation to adopt all necessary regulations to carry out the provisions relating to such excise taxes. (NRS 372B.110)

Existing regulations use the term “excise tax on passenger transportation” to refer to such excise taxes. Sections 1-5 of this regulation replace the term “excise tax on passenger transportation” with the term “excise tax on the connection to passenger transportation.”

Existing regulations set forth procedures for the administration and collection of such excise taxes, with the exception of the excise tax on the use of certain means by an autonomous vehicle network company to connect a passenger to a fully autonomous vehicle. (NAC 372B.100 372B.230) **Sections 1 and 5** apply these existing procedures to the administration and collection of the excise tax on the use of certain means by an autonomous vehicle network company to connect a passenger to a fully autonomous vehicle.

LCB File No. R045-24, repeals regulations relating to the remittance of the state estate tax; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

The Nevada Constitution authorizes the Legislature to impose by law an estate tax but limits the amount of any such estate tax to the amount of a credit authorized by federal law to reduce the federal estate tax liability with respect to an estate by the amount of any state estate taxes paid with respect to that estate. (Nev. Const. Art. 10, § 4) Existing law imposes such a state estate tax on the transfer of the taxable estate of a person who resided in this State at the time of his or her death or a person who resided outside this State at the time of his or her death but who owned property situated in this State at that time. (Chapter 375A of NRS) However, the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 gradually reduced the credit against federal estate tax liability for any state estate taxes paid with respect to an estate until such credit was eliminated beginning January 1, 2005. (Pub. L. No. 107-16) Thus, estate tax is not currently imposed or collected by this State, but estate tax would be required to be imposed and collected by this State if a federal credit were ever reenacted. This regulation repeals existing regulations governing the payment of estate tax to this State and the documentation required to be filed with such a payment. (NAC 375A.010, 375A.020, 375A.030)

LCB File No. R046-24, repeals provisions relating to certain credits against an insurer’s liability for the general tax on insurance premiums which have been eliminated; repeals a provision illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law requires each insurer to pay to the Department of Taxation a tax upon net direct premiums and net direct considerations written at the rate of 3.5 percent. (NRS 680B.027) Before the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 3 (A.B. 3) of the 28th Special Session of the Nevada Legislature, the provisions of former NRS 680B.050 authorized a domestic or foreign insurer which owned and substantially occupied and used any building in this State as its home office or as a regional home office to take a credit against the general tax on insurance premiums. A.B. 3 repealed NRS 680B.050, effective on January 1, 2021, which had the effect of eliminating this credit beginning January 1, 2021. (Section 3 of Assembly Bill No. 3, chapter 1, Statutes of Nevada 2014, 28th Special Session, at p. 3) This regulation repeals provisions of the Nevada Administrative Code related to the eliminated credit. This regulation also repeals a provision of the Nevada Administrative Code illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis. (NRS 680B.032; NAC 680B.220)

LCB File No. R052-23, establishes certain requirements relating to the excise tax on cannabis concerning cannabis and adult-use cannabis products obtained or purchased by a cannabis consumption lounge; requires an adult-use cannabis retail store to document and report to the

Department of Taxation each sale of cannabis or an adult-use cannabis product to an independent cannabis consumption lounge; imposes and revises certain requirements relating to the keeping of records concerning the excise tax on cannabis; imposes certain requirements on cannabis sales facilities and cannabis consumption lounges relating to the payment of sales tax; revises the manner in which the Department will calculate the fair market value at wholesale of cannabis; eliminates certain obsolete and duplicative provisions; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law imposes an excise tax on each retail sale of cannabis or cannabis products by an adult-use cannabis retail store or cannabis consumption lounge at the rate of 10 percent of the sales price of the cannabis or cannabis products. Existing law also imposes an excise tax on the first wholesale sale of cannabis by a medical or adult-use cannabis cultivation facility to another cannabis establishment at the rate of 15 percent of: (1) the fair market value at wholesale of the cannabis, if the sale is made to an affiliate of the medical or adult-use cannabis cultivation facility; or (2) the sales price of the cannabis, if the sale is made to a cannabis establishment that is not an affiliate of the medical or adult-use cannabis cultivation facility. (NRS 372A.290) Existing regulations set forth various procedures and requirements concerning the excise tax on cannabis. (NAC 372A.100-372A.160)

Existing law authorizes a retail cannabis consumption lounge to obtain from the adult-use cannabis retail store to which the lounge is attached or immediately adjacent: (1) single-use cannabis products for the purposes of resale; and (2) cannabis or cannabis products for the purposes of producing ready-to consume cannabis products to be sold to customers of the lounge. (NRS 678D.470) Existing law similarly authorizes an independent cannabis consumption lounge to obtain such cannabis and cannabis products for such purposes from an adult-use cannabis retail store with which the lounge has entered into a contract. (NRS 678D.475) Existing regulations require a taxpayer, in each month following a month for which the taxpayer is subject to the imposition of the excise tax on cannabis, to file with the Department of Taxation a return and remit to the Department any tax due for the month covered by the return. (NAC 372A.160)

Sections 11 and 12 of this regulation provide that any cannabis or adult-use cannabis product obtained or purchased by a cannabis consumption lounge is not subject to the excise tax on cannabis and must not be included in the measure of the tax on a tax return until the cannabis consumption lounge: (1) for a single use cannabis product, sells the single-use cannabis product to a customer of the lounge; or (2) uses the cannabis or adult-use cannabis product to prepare a ready-to-consume cannabis product and sells the ready-to-consume cannabis product to a customer of the lounge.

Section 13 of this regulation requires each adult-use cannabis retail store that has entered into a contract with an independent cannabis consumption lounge to sell cannabis and cannabis products to the lounge to document each sale of cannabis or an adult-use cannabis product to the lounge on a form prescribed by the Department and submit the form with the tax return required to be filed by the adult-use cannabis retail store concerning the excise tax on cannabis. **Section 13** additionally requires an adult-use cannabis retail store or independent cannabis consumption lounge that has entered into such a contract to maintain a copy of the contract and make the copy available to the Department upon request.

Section 14 of this regulation provides that sales of cannabis and cannabis products to a consumer by a cannabis sales facility or cannabis consumption lounge are subject to sales tax and sets forth certain requirements concerning the imposition of sales tax on such sales.

Existing law requires each person responsible for maintaining the records of a person subject to the excise tax on cannabis to keep such records as may be necessary to determine the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the excise tax on cannabis. (NRS 372A.270) **Section 15** of this regulation provides that such records: (1) may include receipts, invoices and other pertinent papers; and (2) must be kept in such form as required by the Department.

Before the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 430 (A.B. 430) of the 2023 Legislative Session, existing law required the Department to adopt regulations to establish procedures to determine the fair market value at wholesale of cannabis. (NRS 678B.640) A.B. 430 amended that requirement to require that such regulations provide that the fair market value of cannabis: (1) will be calculated and published by the Department on a quarterly basis not more than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter; and (2) is the median sales price for wholesale sales between cannabis cultivation facilities and cannabis establishments that are not affiliates, per pound or each, during the calendar quarter. (NRS 678B.640, as amended by section 9 of Assembly Bill No. 430, chapter 450, Statutes of Nevada 2023, at page 2753) Existing regulations adopted before the enactment of A.B. 430 establish various categories of cannabis and set forth the manner in which the Department will calculate the fair market value at wholesale of cannabis for those categories. (NAC 372A.155) **Section 17** of this regulation revises the manner by which the Department will calculate the fair market value at wholesale of a category of cannabis to conform to the requirements imposed by A.B. 430. Additionally, **section 17** revises the categories of cannabis for which the Department will calculate the fair market value at wholesale.

Before the enactment of A.B. 430, existing law imposed the excise tax on cannabis on each wholesale sale in this State of cannabis by a medical or adult-use cannabis cultivation facility to another cannabis establishment. (NRS 372A.290) A.B. 430 revised provisions imposing the excise tax on wholesale sales of cannabis to apply the tax only to the first wholesale sale in this State of cannabis. (NRS 372A.290) **Section 18** of this regulation removes provisions of existing regulations that have been rendered duplicative of provisions of existing law after the enactment of A.B. 430. **Section 18** also revises provisions requiring each taxpayer to keep documentation for verification that the excise tax on wholesale sales of cannabis was paid to instead require all taxpayers, whether subject to the excise tax on wholesale sales or retail sales of cannabis, to keep documentation for verification that the applicable excise tax on cannabis was properly reported and paid.

Sections 2-10 of this regulation define words and terms used in this regulation. **Section 16** of this regulation makes a conforming change to indicate the proper placement of **sections 2-15** in the Nevada Administrative Code.

Section 19 of this regulation repeals certain obsolete provisions concerning the administration and enforcement of certain taxes imposed on certain sales of cannabis by a marijuana cultivation facility or retail marijuana store.

A copy of the regulations referenced above can be found on the Department's website at https://tax.nv.gov/Boards/Public_Meetings/ and at the Nevada Legislature's website at <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/>.

All interested parties will have the opportunity to present their ideas. Please submit all suggestions in writing at least one week prior to the Workshop so the suggestions can be disseminated at the meeting. Written comments may be accepted at any time. Please email any comments to Sarah Glazner at sglazner@tax.state.nv.us so they may be posted to the Departments website. All public input will be

considered in preparing a proposed regulation to be presented to the Nevada Tax Commission for adoption.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, individuals requiring special accommodations to participate in this workshop should notify Tina Padovano at 775-684-2096 or tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us at least 3 days before the workshop. In order to comply with the security procedures of the Department, you will be required to show identification and sign a visitor's log prior to entering the meeting room.

If you need an accommodation in order to communicate during the workshop, the Department will provide one at no cost to you. Arrangements for an interpreter should be made as soon as possible, but no later than 14 days before the scheduled meeting. Please contact Tina Padovano at 775-684-2096 at least 14 days in advance to request an interpreter in your preferred language. You may also submit your request to tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us.

Si necesita una ayuda para comunicarse durante la audiencia, el Departamento se lo proporcionará sin costo alguno. Los trámites para conseguir un intérprete deben hacerse lo antes posible, pero a más tardar 14 días antes de la cita programada. Por favor, póngase en contacto con Tina Padovano al 775-684-2096 con al menos 14 días de anticipación para solicitar un intérprete en su idioma de preferencia. También puede solicitarlo a través de tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us.

Notice has been posted at the following location: The Department of Taxation – 3850 Arrowhead Drive, Carson City.

Notice has been EMAILED/MAILED for posting at the following locations: Department of Taxation - 4600 Kietzke Lane, Building L, Ste 235, Reno; Department of Taxation - 700 E. Warm Springs Rd, Ste 200, Las Vegas; The Legislative Building - Capitol Complex, Carson City; The Nevada State Library -100 Stewart Street, Carson City; Interested Parties Group, and the Mailing List maintained by the Department. Notice of this meeting was posted on the Department of Taxation website at <https://tax.nv.gov/>, on the Legislative website at <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/>, and the Nevada Public Notice Website at <https://notice.nv.gov/>.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call Sarah Glazner at 775-684-2059.

Nevada Tax Commission
Proposed Regulations

R036-24, R040-24, R041-24, R044-24, R045-24, R046-24 and R052-23

Regulatory Workshops

Agenda

Conducted by:

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Date and Time of Meeting:

July 9, 2024

9:00 a.m.

Place of Meeting:

**Nevada Department of Taxation
4600 Kietzke Lane, Suite L235
Reno, NV 89502**

This meeting will also be available by zoom. Please use the link below to join the webinar:

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507 473 4847 US or +1 564 217 2000 US or +1 646 558 8656 US (New York) or +1 646

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Webinar ID: **840 1962 8659**

International numbers available: <https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84019628659>

- I. ****Public Comment** – In consideration of others, who may also wish to provide public comment, please avoid repetition and limit your comments to no more than five (5) minutes. Please email any comments to Tina Padovano at tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us so they may be posted to the Departments website.

To provide public comment by telephone, please dial:

+1 669 444 9171 US or +1 669 900 9128 US (San Jose) or +1 719 359 4580 US +1 253 205 0468 US or + 1 253 215 8782 or +1 346 248 7799 US (Houston) or +1 309 205 3325 US or +1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago) or +1 360 209 5623 US or +1 386 347 5053 US or +1 507 473 4847 US or +1 564 217 2000 US or +1 646 558 8656 US (New York) or +1 646 931 3860 US or +1 689 278 1000 US or +1 301 715 8592 US (Washington DC) or +1 305 224 1968 US

Enter Meeting ID: **840 1962 8659**

- II. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R036-24, which revises provisions relating to the determination of the taxable value of land within a qualified subdivision; revises provisions relating to the partial abatement of property taxes; provides that staff who provide orientation in certain hearings held before the Nevada Tax Commission are staff of the Department of Taxation; repeals various provisions relating to property tax; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.
- III. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R040-24, which repeals the regulation requiring a business entity whose Nevada gross revenue for a taxable year is less than \$4,000,000 to file a commerce tax return; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.
- IV. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R041-24, which revises requirements for the maintenance of certain records by a taxpayer that is an escort or escort service; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.
- V. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R044-24, which revises provisions governing the administration and collection of excise taxes on the connection of a passenger to certain forms of transportation; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.
- VI. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R045-24, which repeals regulations relating to the remittance of the state estate tax; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.
- VII. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R046-24, which repeals

provisions relating to certain credits against an insurer's liability for the general tax on insurance premiums which have been eliminated; repeals a provision illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

- VIII. Workshop to solicit comments from interested parties regarding the proposed permanent regulation of the Nevada Tax Commission, LCB File No. R052-23, which establishes certain requirements relating to the excise tax on cannabis concerning cannabis and adult-use cannabis products obtained or purchased by a cannabis consumption lounge; requires an adult-use cannabis retail store to document and report to the Department of Taxation each sale of cannabis or an adult-use cannabis product to an independent cannabis consumption lounge; imposes and revises certain requirements relating to the keeping of records concerning the excise tax on cannabis; imposes certain requirements on cannabis sales facilities and cannabis consumption lounges relating to the payment of sales tax; revises the manner in which the Department will calculate the fair market value at wholesale of cannabis; eliminates certain obsolete and duplicative provisions; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

A copy of the regulations referenced above can be found on the Department's website at https://tax.nv.gov/Boards/Public_Meetings/ and at the Nevada Legislature's website at <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/>.

- IX. **Public Comment – In consideration of others, who may also wish to provide public comment, please avoid repetition and limit your comments to no more than five (5) minutes.

To provide public comment by telephone, please dial:

+1 669 444 9171 US or +1 669 900 9128 US (San Jose) or +1 719 359 4580 US or +1 253 205 0468 US or +1 253 215 8782 or +1 346 248 7799 US (Houston) or +1 309 205 3325 US or +1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago) or +1 360 209 5623 US or +1 386 347 5053 US or +1 507 473 4847 US or +1 564 217 2000 US or +1 646 558 8656 US (New York) or +1 646 931 3860 US or +1 689 278 1000 US or +1 301 715 8592 US (Washington DC) or +1 305 224 1968 US

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- X. Adjourn

Note: Items on this agenda may be taken in a different order than listed. Items may be combined for consideration by the Department of Taxation. Items may be pulled or removed from the agenda at any time.

****This item is to receive public comment on any issue and any discussion of those issues, provided that comment will be limited to areas relevant to and within the authority of the Nevada Department of Taxation. No action will be taken on any items raised in the public comment period. Public Comment may not be limited based on viewpoint.**

Please contact Sarah Glazner at 775-684-2059 or sglazner@tax.state.nv.us for any support materials. The support materials will be available at <https://tax.nv.gov/> and made available during the meeting located at the Nevada Department of Taxation, 4600 Kietzke Lane, Ste L235, Reno.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, individuals requiring special accommodations to participate in this workshop should notify Tina Padovano at 775-684-2096 or tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us at least 3 days before the workshop. In order to comply with the security procedures of the Department, you will be required to show identification and sign a visitor's log prior to entering the meeting room.

If you need an accommodation in order to communicate during the workshop, the Department will provide one at no cost to you. Arrangements for an interpreter should be made as soon as possible, but no later than 14 days before the scheduled meeting. Please contact Tina Padovano at 775-684-2096 at least 14 days in advance to request an interpreter in your preferred language. You may also submit your request to tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us.

Si necesita una ayuda para comunicarse durante la audiencia, el Departamento se lo proporcionará sin costo alguno. Los trámites para conseguir un intérprete deben hacerse lo antes posible, pero a más tardar 14 días antes de la cita programada. Por favor, póngase en contacto con Tina Padovano al 775-684-2096 con al menos 14 días de anticipación para solicitar un intérprete en su idioma de preferencia. También puede solicitarlo a través de tpadovano@tax.state.nv.us.

Notice of this workshop has been posted at the following location: The Department of Taxation – 3850 Arrowhead Drive, Carson City.

Notice has been EMAILED/MAILED for posting at the following locations:

Department of Taxation - 4600 Kietzke Lane, Building L, Ste 235, Reno; Department of Taxation - 700 E. Warm Springs Rd, Ste 200, Las Vegas; The Legislative Building - Capitol Complex, Carson City; The Nevada State Library -100 Stewart Street, Carson City; Interested Parties Group, and the Mailing List maintained by the Department. Notice of this meeting was posted on the Department of Taxation website at <https://tax.nv.gov/>, on the Legislative website at <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/>, and the Nevada Public Notice Website at <https://notice.nv.gov/>.

**SMALL BUSINESS IMPACT STATEMENT AS REQUIRED BY
NRS 233B.0608 and NRS 233B.0609**

LCB File No. R046-24

1. Background

LCB File No. R046-24, repeals provisions relating to certain credits against an insurer's liability for the general tax on insurance premiums which have been eliminated; repeals a provision illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis; and provides other matters properly relating thereto.

Existing law requires each insurer to pay to the Department of Taxation a tax upon net direct premiums and net direct considerations written at the rate of 3.5 percent. (NRS 680B.027) Before the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 3 (A.B. 3) of the 28th Special Session of the Nevada Legislature, the provisions of former NRS 680B.050 authorized a domestic or foreign insurer which owned and substantially occupied and used any building in this State as its home office or as a regional home office to take a credit against the general tax on insurance premiums. A.B. 3 repealed NRS 680B.050, effective on January 1, 2021, which had the effect of eliminating this credit beginning January 1, 2021. (Section 3 of Assembly Bill No. 3, chapter 1, Statutes of Nevada 2014, 28th Special Session, at p. 3) This regulation repeals provisions of the Nevada Administrative Code related to the eliminated credit. This regulation also repeals a provision of the Nevada Administrative Code illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis. (NRS 680B.032; NAC 680B.220)

2. A description of the manner in which comment was solicited from affected small businesses, a summary of their responses, and an explanation of the manner in which other interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary.

The Department of Taxation prepared and disseminated a questionnaire seeking information from small businesses regarding the possible impact of LCB File No R046-24. The proposed language and questionnaire were dispersed to the following:

- Emailed by the Department to 192 members of its interested parties list.
- Mailed to 10 Rural Businesses
- Emailed by the Nevada Taxpayers Association to its list of interested taxpayers.

The content of the response is summarized below:

- No response was received for LCB Draft of Proposed Regulation - File No. R046-24.

Anyone interested in obtaining a copy of the completed small business impact questionnaire used for this summary, can contact:

Sarah Glazner
Nevada Department of Taxation
3850 Arrowhead Drive, 2nd Floor
Carson City, NV 89706
sglazner@tax.state.nv.us
Phone: (775) 684-2059
Fax: (775) 684-2020

3. The manner in which the analysis was conducted, including the methods used to determine the impacts of the proposed regulation on small businesses.

Governor's Executive Order No. 2023-003 mandated that the Nevada Tax Commission recommend the removal of at least 10 regulations and suggest amendments to other regulations under its jurisdiction that could be streamlined, clarified, reduced, or otherwise improved. This review was aimed at ensuring the regulations are effective, relevant, and as minimally burdensome as possible while still achieving their intended purpose.

The Department developed a comprehensive spreadsheet listing every regulation within each chapter under the Commission's jurisdiction. This spreadsheet was shared with Department staff and public stakeholders to solicit recommendations for amendments or repeals under the Executive Order in 2023 and the recommendations were approved by the Commission as well as the Governors Office.

No response was received to the questionnaire dispersed on June 3, 2024.

The Department of Taxation has concluded that the changes proposed to NAC Chapter 680B (LCB File No. R046-24) will not affect small businesses.

4. The estimated economic effect of the proposed regulation on the small businesses which it is to regulate:

Direct and indirect adverse effects

Not Applicable – Please see number 2.

Direct and indirect beneficial effects

Not Applicable – Please see number 2.

- 5. A description of the methods that the agency considered to reduce the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and a statement regarding whether the agency actually used any of those methods.**

Not Applicable – Please see number 2.

- 6. The estimated cost to the agency for enforcement of the proposed regulation.**

The proposed regulation presents no significant foreseeable or anticipated cost or decrease in costs for enforcement.

- 7. If the proposed regulation provides a new fee or increases an existing fee, the total annual amount the agency expects to collect and the manner in which the money will be used.**

The proposed permanent regulation does not include new fees or increase an existing fee.

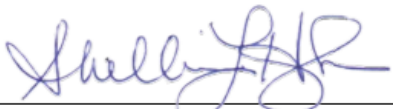
- 8. If the proposed regulation includes provisions which duplicate or are more stringent than federal, state or local standards regulating the same activity, an explanation of why such duplicative or more stringent provisions are necessary.**

The proposed regulation does not overlap or duplicate any regulation of other federal, state or local government entities.

- 9. The reasons for the conclusion of the agency regarding the impact of a regulation on small businesses.**

The Department has determined that there will be no impacts to small businesses based on its analysis of the proposed regulation.

I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge or belief, a concerted effort was made to determine the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and that this statement was properly prepared, and the information contained herein is accurate.



Shellie Hughes, Executive Director

June 20, 2024

**PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE
NEVADA TAX COMMISSION**

LCB File No. R046-24

April 11, 2024

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: § 1, NRS 360.090, 680B.027.

A REGULATION relating to taxation; repealing provisions relating to certain credits against an insurer's liability for the general tax on insurance premiums which have been eliminated; repealing a provision illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires each insurer to pay to the Department of Taxation a tax upon net direct premiums and net direct considerations written at the rate of 3.5 percent. (NRS 680B.027) Before the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 3 (A.B. 3) of the 28th Special Session of the Nevada Legislature, the provisions of former NRS 680B.050 authorized a domestic or foreign insurer which owned and substantially occupied and used any building in this State as its home office or as a regional home office to take a credit against the general tax on insurance premiums. A.B. 3 repealed NRS 680B.050, effective on January 1, 2021, which had the effect of eliminating this credit beginning January 1, 2021. (Section 3 of Assembly Bill No. 3, chapter 1, Statutes of Nevada 2014, 28th Special Session, at p. 3) This regulation repeals provisions of the Nevada Administrative Code related to the eliminated credit. This regulation also repeals a provision of the Nevada Administrative Code illustrating the application of existing law requiring certain insurers to report and pay the tax on a quarterly basis. (NRS 680B.032; NAC 680B.220)

Section 1. NAC 680B.150, 680B.160, 680B.170, 680B.180, 680B.190, 680B.200, 680B.210, 680B.220, 680B.230, 680B.240 and 680B.250 are hereby repealed.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTIONS

NAC 680B.150 Definitions. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027) As used in NAC 680B.150 to 680B.250, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NAC 680B.160 to 680B.190, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

NAC 680B.160 “Ad valorem credit” defined. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027) “Ad valorem credit” means the credit set forth in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 680B.050.

NAC 680B.170 “Executive Director” defined. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027) “Executive Director” means the Executive Director of the Department of Taxation.

NAC 680B.180 “Fifty percent credit” defined. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027) “Fifty percent credit” means the credit set forth in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 680B.050.

NAC 680B.190 “Net direct premiums and net direct considerations written during the preceding calendar quarter” defined. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027) “Net direct premiums and net direct considerations written during the preceding calendar quarter” means those net direct premiums and net direct considerations written during the same quarter for which each quarterly report and payment is due pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032.

NAC 680B.200 Illustration of proper application of NRS 680B.032. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.032) The following example is given to illustrate the proper application of NRS 680B.032. If an insurer writes \$500,000 of net direct premiums and net direct considerations during the quarter that runs from January 1 to March 31 of a calendar year and the

insurer is required to file quarterly reports and make quarterly payments pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032, the insurer shall file its quarterly report and make its quarterly payment of taxes on that \$500,000 by April 30 of that same calendar year.

NAC 680B.210 Application of fifty percent credit and ad valorem credit against tax imposed for privilege of transacting business in this State. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.050)

1. Except as otherwise provided in NAC 680B.240, an insurer who has established to the satisfaction of the Executive Director that it meets all the requirements set forth in NRS 680B.050 and 680B.055 may apply:

- (a) The fifty percent credit; and
- (b) The ad valorem credit,

↪ against the tax imposed by NRS 680B.027.

2. Such an insurer shall apply these credits pursuant to the provisions of NAC 680B.220 to 680B.250, inclusive.

NAC 680B.220 Application of fifty percent credit if home office or regional home office in Nevada. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.050) Except as otherwise provided in NAC 680B.240, an insurer who has established to the satisfaction of the Executive Director that the insurer meets all the requirements set forth in NRS 680B.050 and 680B.055 and wishes to apply the fifty percent credit shall:

1. If the insurer is required to file quarterly reports and make quarterly payments pursuant to NRS 680B.032, reduce by 50 percent the amount of the tax required to be paid on net direct premiums and net direct considerations written during the preceding calendar quarter when the

insurer files the quarterly reports and makes the quarterly payments pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032.

2. If the insurer is not required to file quarterly reports and make quarterly payments pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032, reduce by 50 percent the aggregate amount of the tax required to be paid on net direct premiums and net direct considerations written during the immediately preceding calendar year when the insurer files the annual report and makes the annual payment pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.030.

NAC 680B.230 Application of ad valorem credit if home office or regional home office in Nevada. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.050)

1. Except as otherwise provided in NAC 680B.240, an insurer who has established to the satisfaction of the Executive Director that it meets all the requirements set forth in NRS 680B.050 and 680B.055 and wishes to apply the ad valorem credit shall reduce the amount of tax the insurer is required to pay pursuant to NRS 680B.027 by the amount of the ad valorem credit when the insurer files the annual report and makes the annual payment pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.030.

2. An insurer who is required to file quarterly reports and make quarterly payments pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032 may not reduce the amount of tax the insurer is required to pay pursuant to NRS 680B.027 by the amount of the ad valorem credit or any portion of that amount when the insurer files the quarterly reports and makes the quarterly payments pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032.

NAC 680B.240 Failure to satisfy requirements for credits for maintaining home office; payment of deficiency and interest. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.050)

1. If an insurer fails to satisfy the requirements of NRS 680B.050 or 680B.055 for the entire year for which the credits for maintaining a home office in this State are claimed, the insurer is not entitled to any credit for that entire calendar year.

2. If the Nevada Tax Commission, the Department of Taxation or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that an insurer who applied the fifty percent credit when the insurer filed a quarterly report and made a quarterly payment pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.032 has subsequently failed to satisfy the requirements of NRS 680B.050 or 680B.055 during the same calendar year in which the insurer made the quarterly payment, the insurer shall remit to the Department of Taxation:

(a) The difference between the amount the insurer set forth as the quarterly payment in the quarterly report filed with the Department of Taxation and the amount the insurer would have owed for the quarterly payment if the insurer had not applied the fifty percent credit and any other amount that the Nevada Tax Commission, the Department of Taxation or a court of competent jurisdiction determines to be a deficiency; and

(b) All applicable interest owed for failure to pay the full amount in a timely manner. Such interest must be based on the difference between the amount the insurer set forth as the quarterly payment in the quarterly report filed with the Department of Taxation and the amount the insurer would have owed for the quarterly payment if the insurer had not applied the fifty percent credit and any other amount that the Nevada Tax Commission, the Department of Taxation or a court of competent jurisdiction determines to be a deficiency.

NAC 680B.250 Credit against tax imposed in succeeding calendar year. (NRS 360.090, 680B.027, 680B.050) If an insurer is not entitled to a certain amount of the fifty percent credit or the ad valorem credit because it would reduce the amount of tax payable to less than 20

percent of the tax otherwise payable for that year pursuant to the provisions of NRS 680B.027, the insurer may not carry forward that amount of either credit for use as a credit against the tax imposed by NRS 680B.027 in a succeeding calendar year.